

Fundamental Properties of Lambda-calculus

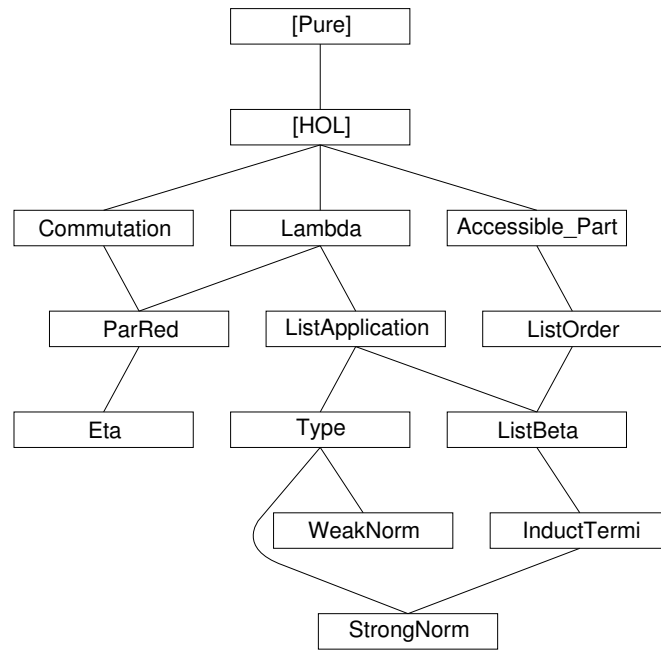
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1 Basic definitions of Lambda-calculus

theory *Lambda* **imports** *Main* **begin**

1.1 Lambda-terms in de Bruijn notation and substitution

datatype *dB* =

Var nat
| *App dB dB* (**infixl** \circ 200)
| *Abs dB*

consts

subst :: [*dB*, *dB*, *nat*] => *dB* (λ [-'/-] [300, 0, 0] 300)
lift :: [*dB*, *nat*] => *dB*

primrec

lift (*Var i*) *k* = (if *i* < *k* then *Var i* else *Var* (*i* + 1))
lift (*s* \circ *t*) *k* = *lift s k* \circ *lift t k*
lift (*Abs s*) *k* = *Abs* (*lift s* (*k* + 1))

primrec

subst-Var: (*Var i*) [*s/k*] =
(if *k* < *i* then *Var* (*i* - 1) else if *i* = *k* then *s* else *Var i*)
subst-App: (*t* \circ *u*) [*s/k*] = *t* [*s/k*] \circ *u* [*s/k*]
subst-Abs: (*Abs t*) [*s/k*] = *Abs* (*t* [*lift s 0 / k+1*])

declare *subst-Var* [*simp del*]

Optimized versions of *subst* and *lift*.

consts

substn :: [*dB*, *dB*, *nat*] => *dB*
liftn :: [*nat*, *dB*, *nat*] => *dB*

primrec

liftn n (*Var i*) *k* = (if *i* < *k* then *Var i* else *Var* (*i* + *n*))
liftn n (*s* \circ *t*) *k* = *liftn n s k* \circ *liftn n t k*
liftn n (*Abs s*) *k* = *Abs* (*liftn n s* (*k* + 1))

primrec

substn (*Var i*) *s k* =
(if *k* < *i* then *Var* (*i* - 1) else if *i* = *k* then *liftn k s 0* else *Var i*)
substn (*t* \circ *u*) *s k* = *substn t s k* \circ *substn u s k*
substn (*Abs t*) *s k* = *Abs* (*substn t s* (*k* + 1))

1.2 Beta-reduction

consts

beta :: (*dB* \times *dB*) *set*

syntax

```

-beta :: [dB, dB] => bool (infixl -> 50)
-beta-rtranc1 :: [dB, dB] => bool (infixl ->> 50)
syntax (latex)
-beta :: [dB, dB] => bool (infixl →β 50)
-beta-rtranc1 :: [dB, dB] => bool (infixl →β* 50)
translations
s →β t == (s, t) ∈ beta
s →β* t == (s, t) ∈ beta^*

```

inductive *beta*

intros

```

beta [simp, intro!]: Abs s ° t →β s[t/0]
appL [simp, intro!]: s →β t ==> s ° u →β t ° u
appR [simp, intro!]: s →β t ==> u ° s →β u ° t
abs [simp, intro!]: s →β t ==> Abs s →β Abs t

```

inductive-cases *beta-cases* [*elim*!]:

```

Var i →β t
Abs r →β s
s ° t →β u

```

declare *if-not-P* [*simp*] *not-less-eq* [*simp*]
— don't add *r-into-rtranc1*[*intro*!]

1.3 Congruence rules

lemma *rtranc1-beta-Abs* [*intro*!]:

```

s →β* s' ==> Abs s →β* Abs s'
apply (erule rtranc1-induct)
apply (blast intro: rtranc1-into-rtranc1)+
done

```

lemma *rtranc1-beta-AppL*:

```

s →β* s' ==> s ° t →β* s' ° t
apply (erule rtranc1-induct)
apply (blast intro: rtranc1-into-rtranc1)+
done

```

lemma *rtranc1-beta-AppR*:

```

t →β* t' ==> s ° t →β* s ° t'
apply (erule rtranc1-induct)
apply (blast intro: rtranc1-into-rtranc1)+
done

```

lemma *rtranc1-beta-App* [*intro*]:

```

[[ s →β* s'; t →β* t' ]] ==> s ° t →β* s' ° t'
apply (blast intro!: rtranc1-beta-AppL rtranc1-beta-AppR
intro: rtranc1-trans)
done

```

1.4 Substitution-lemmas

lemma *subst-eq* [*simp*]: $(\text{Var } k)[u/k] = u$
apply (*simp* add: *subst-Var*)
done

lemma *subst-gt* [*simp*]: $i < j \implies (\text{Var } j)[u/i] = \text{Var } (j - 1)$
apply (*simp* add: *subst-Var*)
done

lemma *subst-lt* [*simp*]: $j < i \implies (\text{Var } j)[u/i] = \text{Var } j$
apply (*simp* add: *subst-Var*)
done

lemma *lift-lift* [*rule-format*]:
 $\forall i k. i < k + 1 \implies \text{lift } (\text{lift } t \ i) \ (\text{Suc } k) = \text{lift } (\text{lift } t \ k) \ i$
apply (*induct-tac* *t*)
apply *auto*
done

lemma *lift-subst* [*simp*]:
 $\forall i j s. j < i + 1 \implies \text{lift } (t[s/j]) \ i = (\text{lift } t \ (i + 1)) \ [\text{lift } s \ i \ / \ j]$
apply (*induct-tac* *t*)
apply (*simp-all* add: *diff-Suc* *subst-Var* *lift-lift* *split*: *nat.split*)
done

lemma *lift-subst-lt*:
 $\forall i j s. i < j + 1 \implies \text{lift } (t[s/j]) \ i = (\text{lift } t \ i) \ [\text{lift } s \ i \ / \ j + 1]$
apply (*induct-tac* *t*)
apply (*simp-all* add: *subst-Var* *lift-lift*)
done

lemma *subst-lift* [*simp*]:
 $\forall k s. (\text{lift } t \ k)[s/k] = t$
apply (*induct-tac* *t*)
apply *simp-all*
done

lemma *subst-subst* [*rule-format*]:
 $\forall i j u v. i < j + 1 \implies t[\text{lift } v \ i \ / \ \text{Suc } j][u[v/j]/i] = t[u/i][v/j]$
apply (*induct-tac* *t*)
apply (*simp-all*
 add: *diff-Suc* *subst-Var* *lift-lift* [*symmetric*] *lift-subst-lt*
split: *nat.split*)
done

1.5 Equivalence proof for optimized substitution

lemma *liftn-0* [*simp*]: $\forall k. \text{liftn } 0 \ t \ k = t$
apply (*induct-tac* *t*)

```

    apply (simp-all add: subst-Var)
  done

lemma liftn-lift [simp]:
   $\forall k. \text{liftn } (\text{Suc } n) \ t \ k = \text{lift } (\text{liftn } n \ t \ k) \ k$ 
  apply (induct-tac t)
  apply (simp-all add: subst-Var)
  done

lemma substn-subst-n [simp]:
   $\forall n. \text{substn } t \ s \ n = t[\text{liftn } n \ s \ 0 \ / \ n]$ 
  apply (induct-tac t)
  apply (simp-all add: subst-Var)
  done

theorem substn-subst-0:  $\text{substn } t \ s \ 0 = t[s/0]$ 
  apply simp
  done

```

1.6 Preservation theorems

Not used in Church-Rosser proof, but in Strong Normalization.

```

theorem subst-preserves-beta [simp]:
   $r \rightarrow_{\beta} s \implies (\bigwedge t \ i. r[t/i] \rightarrow_{\beta} s[t/i])$ 
  apply (induct set: beta)
  apply (simp-all add: subst-subst [symmetric])
  done

theorem subst-preserves-beta':  $r \rightarrow_{\beta^*} s \implies r[t/i] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} s[t/i]$ 
  apply (erule rtrancl.induct)
  apply (rule rtrancl-refl)
  apply (erule rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
  apply (erule subst-preserves-beta)
  done

theorem lift-preserves-beta [simp]:
   $r \rightarrow_{\beta} s \implies (\bigwedge i. \text{lift } r \ i \rightarrow_{\beta} \text{lift } s \ i)$ 
  by (induct set: beta) auto

theorem lift-preserves-beta':  $r \rightarrow_{\beta^*} s \implies \text{lift } r \ i \rightarrow_{\beta^*} \text{lift } s \ i$ 
  apply (erule rtrancl.induct)
  apply (rule rtrancl-refl)
  apply (erule rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
  apply (erule lift-preserves-beta)
  done

theorem subst-preserves-beta2 [simp]:
   $\bigwedge r \ s \ i. r \rightarrow_{\beta} s \implies t[r/i] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} t[s/i]$ 

```

```

apply (induct t)
  apply (simp add: subst-Var r-into-rtrancl)
  apply (simp add: rtrancl-beta-App)
  apply (simp add: rtrancl-beta-Abs)
done

theorem subst-preserves-beta2':  $r \rightarrow_{\beta^*} s \implies t[r/i] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} t[s/i]$ 
  apply (erule rtrancl.induct)
  apply (rule rtrancl-refl)
  apply (erule rtrancl-trans)
  apply (erule subst-preserves-beta2)
done

end

```

2 Abstract commutation and confluence notions

theory *Commutation* **imports** *Main* **begin**

2.1 Basic definitions

```

constdefs
  square :: ['a  $\times$  'a] set, ['a  $\times$  'a] set, ['a  $\times$  'a] set, ['a  $\times$  'a] set]  $\implies$  bool
  square R S T U ==
     $\forall x y. (x, y) \in R \longrightarrow (\forall z. (x, z) \in S \longrightarrow (\exists u. (y, u) \in T \wedge (z, u) \in U))$ 

  commute :: ['a  $\times$  'a] set, ['a  $\times$  'a] set]  $\implies$  bool
  commute R S == square R S S R

  diamond :: ['a  $\times$  'a] set  $\implies$  bool
  diamond R == commute R R

  Church-Rosser :: ['a  $\times$  'a] set  $\implies$  bool
  Church-Rosser R ==
     $\forall x y. (x, y) \in (R \cup R^{-1})^* \longrightarrow (\exists z. (x, z) \in R^* \wedge (y, z) \in R^*)$ 

syntax
  confluent :: ['a  $\times$  'a] set  $\implies$  bool
translations
  confluent R == diamond (R*)

```

2.2 Basic lemmas

square

```

lemma square-sym: square R S T U  $\implies$  square S R U T
  apply (unfold square-def)
  apply blast

```


done

lemma *square-subset*:

$[[\text{square } R \ S \ T \ U; T \subseteq T']] \implies \text{square } R \ S \ T' \ U$
apply (*unfold square-def*)
apply *blast*
done

lemma *square-reflcl*:

$[[\text{square } R \ S \ T \ (R^=); S \subseteq T]] \implies \text{square } (R^=) \ S \ T \ (R^=)$
apply (*unfold square-def*)
apply *blast*
done

lemma *square-rtrancl*:

$\text{square } R \ S \ S \ T \implies \text{square } (R^*) \ S \ S \ (T^*)$
apply (*unfold square-def*)
apply (*intro strip*)
apply (*erule rtrancl-induct*)
apply *blast*
apply (*blast intro: rtrancl-into-rtrancl*)
done

lemma *square-rtrancl-reflcl-commute*:

$\text{square } R \ S \ (S^*) \ (R^=) \implies \text{commute } (R^*) \ (S^*)$
apply (*unfold commute-def*)
apply (*fastsimp dest: square-reflcl square-sym [THEN square-rtrancl]*)
elim: r-into-rtrancl
done

commute

lemma *commute-sym*: $\text{commute } R \ S \implies \text{commute } S \ R$

apply (*unfold commute-def*)
apply (*blast intro: square-sym*)
done

lemma *commute-rtrancl*: $\text{commute } R \ S \implies \text{commute } (R^*) \ (S^*)$

apply (*unfold commute-def*)
apply (*blast intro: square-rtrancl square-sym*)
done

lemma *commute-Un*:

$[[\text{commute } R \ T; \text{commute } S \ T]] \implies \text{commute } (R \cup S) \ T$
apply (*unfold commute-def square-def*)
apply *blast*
done

diamond, confluence, and union

lemma *diamond-Un*:

```

  [| diamond R; diamond S; commute R S |] ==> diamond (R ∪ S)
  apply (unfold diamond-def)
  apply (assumption | rule commute-Un commute-sym)+
  done

```

lemma *diamond-confluent*: *diamond R ==> confluent R*

```

  apply (unfold diamond-def)
  apply (erule commute-rtrancl)
  done

```

lemma *square-reflcl-confluent*:

```

  square R R (R^=) (R^=) ==> confluent R
  apply (unfold diamond-def)
  apply (fast intro: square-rtrancl-reflcl-commute r-into-rtrancl
    elim: square-subset)
  done

```

lemma *confluent-Un*:

```

  [| confluent R; confluent S; commute (R^*) (S^*) |] ==> confluent (R ∪ S)
  apply (rule rtrancl-Un-rtrancl [THEN subst])
  apply (blast dest: diamond-Un intro: diamond-confluent)
  done

```

lemma *diamond-to-confluence*:

```

  [| diamond R; T ⊆ R; R ⊆ T^* |] ==> confluent T
  apply (force intro: diamond-confluent
    dest: rtrancl-subset [symmetric])
  done

```

2.3 Church-Rosser

lemma *Church-Rosser-confluent*: *Church-Rosser R = confluent R*

```

  apply (unfold square-def commute-def diamond-def Church-Rosser-def)
  apply (tactic ⟨⟨ safe-tac HOL-cs ⟩⟩)
  apply (tactic ⟨⟨
    blast-tac (HOL-cs addIs
      [Un-upper2 RS rtrancl-mono RS subsetD RS rtrancl-trans,
        rtrancl-converseI, converseI, Un-upper1 RS rtrancl-mono RS subsetD]) 1 ⟩⟩)
  apply (erule rtrancl-induct)
  apply blast
  apply (blast del: rtrancl-refl intro: rtrancl-trans)
  done

```

2.4 Newman's lemma

Proof by Stefan Berghofer

```

theorem newman:
  assumes wf:  $wf\ (R^{-1})$ 
  and lc:  $\bigwedge a\ b\ c. (a, b) \in R \implies (a, c) \in R \implies$ 
     $\exists d. (b, d) \in R^* \wedge (c, d) \in R^*$ 
  shows  $\bigwedge b\ c. (a, b) \in R^* \implies (a, c) \in R^* \implies$ 
     $\exists d. (b, d) \in R^* \wedge (c, d) \in R^*$ 
  using wf
proof induct
  case (less x b c)
  have xc:  $(x, c) \in R^*$  .
  have xb:  $(x, b) \in R^*$  . thus ?case
  proof (rule converse-rtranclE)
    assume  $x = b$ 
    with xc have  $(b, c) \in R^*$  by simp
    thus ?thesis by iprover
  next
  fix y
  assume xy:  $(x, y) \in R$ 
  assume yb:  $(y, b) \in R^*$ 
  from xc show ?thesis
  proof (rule converse-rtranclE)
    assume  $x = c$ 
    with xb have  $(c, b) \in R^*$  by simp
    thus ?thesis by iprover
  next
  fix y'
  assume y'c:  $(y', c) \in R^*$ 
  assume xy':  $(x, y') \in R$ 
  with xy have  $\exists u. (y, u) \in R^* \wedge (y', u) \in R^*$  by (rule lc)
  then obtain u where yu:  $(y, u) \in R^*$  and y'u:  $(y', u) \in R^*$  by iprover
  from xy have  $(y, x) \in R^{-1}$  ..
  from this and yb yu have  $\exists d. (b, d) \in R^* \wedge (u, d) \in R^*$  by (rule less)
  then obtain v where bv:  $(b, v) \in R^*$  and uv:  $(u, v) \in R^*$  by iprover
  from xy' have  $(y', x) \in R^{-1}$  ..
  moreover from y'u and uv have  $(y', v) \in R^*$  by (rule rtrancl-trans)
  moreover note y'c
  ultimately have  $\exists d. (v, d) \in R^* \wedge (c, d) \in R^*$  by (rule less)
  then obtain w where vw:  $(v, w) \in R^*$  and cw:  $(c, w) \in R^*$  by iprover
  from bv vw have  $(b, w) \in R^*$  by (rule rtrancl-trans)
  with cw show ?thesis by iprover
  qed
qed
qed

```

Alternative version. Partly automated by Tobias Nipkow. Takes 2 minutes (2002).

This is the maximal amount of automation possible at the moment.

theorem *newman'*:

```

assumes wf: wf (R-1)
and lc:  $\bigwedge a\ b\ c. (a, b) \in R \implies (a, c) \in R \implies$ 
 $\exists d. (b, d) \in R^* \wedge (c, d) \in R^*$ 
shows  $\bigwedge b\ c. (a, b) \in R^* \implies (a, c) \in R^* \implies$ 
 $\exists d. (b, d) \in R^* \wedge (c, d) \in R^*$ 
using wf
proof induct
  case (less x b c)
  have IH:  $\bigwedge y\ b\ c. \llbracket (y, x) \in R^{-1}; (y, b) \in R^*; (y, c) \in R^* \rrbracket$ 
 $\implies \exists d. (b, d) \in R^* \wedge (c, d) \in R^*$  by (rule less)
  have xc: (x, c)  $\in R^*$  .
  have xb: (x, b)  $\in R^*$  .
  thus ?case
  proof (rule converse-rtranclE)
    assume x = b
    with xc have (b, c)  $\in R^*$  by simp
    thus ?thesis by iprover
  next
  fix y
  assume xy: (x, y)  $\in R$ 
  assume yb: (y, b)  $\in R^*$ 
  from xc show ?thesis
  proof (rule converse-rtranclE)
    assume x = c
    with xb have (c, b)  $\in R^*$  by simp
    thus ?thesis by iprover
  next
  fix y'
  assume y'c: (y', c)  $\in R^*$ 
  assume xy': (x, y')  $\in R$ 
  with xy obtain u where u: (y, u)  $\in R^*$  (y', u)  $\in R^*$ 
  by (blast dest:lc)
  from yb u y'c show ?thesis
  by (blast del: rtrancl-refl
    intro:rtrancl-trans
    dest:IH[OF xy[symmetric]] IH[OF xy'[symmetric]])
  qed
qed
qed
end

```

3 Parallel reduction and a complete developments

theory ParRed **imports** Lambda Commutation **begin**

3.1 Parallel reduction

consts

par-beta :: (*dB* × *dB*) *set*

syntax

par-beta :: [*dB*, *dB*] => *bool* (**infixl** => 50)

translations

s => *t* == (*s*, *t*) ∈ *par-beta*

inductive *par-beta*

intros

var [*simp*, *intro!*]: *Var n* => *Var n*

abs [*simp*, *intro!*]: *s* => *t* ==> *Abs s* => *Abs t*

app [*simp*, *intro!*]: [| *s* => *s'*; *t* => *t'* |] ==> *s* ° *t* => *s'* ° *t'*

beta [*simp*, *intro!*]: [| *s* => *s'*; *t* => *t'* |] ==> (*Abs s*) ° *t* => *s'*[*t'/0*]

inductive-cases *par-beta-cases* [*elim!*]:

Var n => *t*

Abs s => *Abs t*

(*Abs s*) ° *t* => *u*

s ° *t* => *u*

Abs s => *t*

3.2 Inclusions

beta ⊆ *par-beta* ⊆ *beta* ^*

lemma *par-beta-varL* [*simp*]:

(*Var n* => *t*) = (*t* = *Var n*)

apply *blast*

done

lemma *par-beta-refl* [*simp*]: *t* => *t*

apply (*induct-tac t*)

apply *simp-all*

done

lemma *beta-subset-par-beta*: *beta* <= *par-beta*

apply (*rule subsetI*)

apply *clarify*

apply (*erule beta.induct*)

apply (*blast intro! par-beta-refl*)

done

lemma *par-beta-subset-beta*: *par-beta* <= *beta* ^*

apply (*rule subsetI*)

apply *clarify*

apply (*erule par-beta.induct*)

apply *blast*

```

  apply (blast del: rtrancl-refl intro: rtrancl-into-rtrancl)+
  — rtrancl-refl complicates the proof by increasing the branching factor
done

```

3.3 Misc properties of par-beta

```

lemma par-beta-lift [rule-format, simp]:
   $\forall t' n. t \Rightarrow t' \dashv\vdash \text{lift } t \ n \Rightarrow \text{lift } t' \ n$ 
  apply (induct-tac t)
  apply fastsimp+
done

```

```

lemma par-beta-subst [rule-format]:
   $\forall s s' t' n. s \Rightarrow s' \dashv\vdash t \Rightarrow t' \dashv\vdash t[s/n] \Rightarrow t'[s'/n]$ 
  apply (induct-tac t)
  apply (simp add: subst-Var)
  apply (intro strip)
  apply (erule par-beta-cases)
  apply simp
  apply (simp add: subst-subst [symmetric])
  apply (fastsimp intro!: par-beta-lift)
  apply fastsimp
done

```

3.4 Confluence (directly)

```

lemma diamond-par-beta: diamond par-beta
  apply (unfold diamond-def commute-def square-def)
  apply (rule impI [THEN allI [THEN allI]])
  apply (erule par-beta.induct)
  apply (blast intro!: par-beta-subst)+
done

```

3.5 Complete developments

```

consts
  cd :: dB => dB
recdef cd measure size
  cd (Var n) = Var n
  cd (Var n ° t) = Var n ° cd t
  cd ((s1 ° s2) ° t) = cd (s1 ° s2) ° cd t
  cd (Abs u ° t) = (cd u)[cd t/0]
  cd (Abs s) = Abs (cd s)

```

```

lemma par-beta-cd [rule-format]:
   $\forall t. s \Rightarrow t \dashv\vdash t \Rightarrow \text{cd } s$ 
  apply (induct-tac s rule: cd.induct)
  apply auto
  apply (fast intro!: par-beta-subst)
done

```

3.6 Confluence (via complete developments)

```

lemma diamond-par-beta2: diamond par-beta
  apply (unfold diamond-def commute-def square-def)
  apply (blast intro: par-beta-cd)
  done

theorem beta-confluent: confluent beta
  apply (rule diamond-par-beta2 diamond-to-confluence
    par-beta-subset-beta beta-subset-par-beta) +
  done

end

```

4 Eta-reduction

```

theory Eta imports ParRed begin

```

4.1 Definition of eta-reduction and relatives

```

consts
  free :: dB => nat => bool
primrec
  free (Var j) i = (j = i)
  free (s ° t) i = (free s i ∨ free t i)
  free (Abs s) i = free s (i + 1)

consts
  eta :: (dB × dB) set

syntax
  -eta :: [dB, dB] => bool  (infixl -e> 50)
  -eta-rtranc :: [dB, dB] => bool  (infixl -e>> 50)
  -eta-reflcl :: [dB, dB] => bool  (infixl -e>= 50)
translations
  s -e> t == (s, t) ∈ eta
  s -e>> t == (s, t) ∈ eta^*
  s -e>= t == (s, t) ∈ eta^=

inductive eta
intros
  eta [simp, intro]: ⊢ free s 0 ==> Abs (s ° Var 0) -e> s[dummy/0]
  appL [simp, intro]: s -e> t ==> s ° u -e> t ° u
  appR [simp, intro]: s -e> t ==> u ° s -e> u ° t
  abs [simp, intro]: s -e> t ==> Abs s -e> Abs t

inductive-cases eta-cases [elim!]:
  Abs s -e> z

```

$s \circ t -e> u$
 $Var\ i -e> t$

4.2 Properties of eta, subst and free

lemma *subst-not-free* [*rule-format*, *simp*]:
 $\forall i\ t\ u. \neg free\ s\ i \longrightarrow s[t/i] = s[u/i]$
apply (*induct-tac* *s*)
apply (*simp-all* *add: subst-Var*)
done

lemma *free-lift* [*simp*]:
 $\forall i\ k. free\ (lift\ t\ k)\ i =$
 $(i < k \wedge free\ t\ i \vee k < i \wedge free\ t\ (i - 1))$
apply (*induct-tac* *t*)
apply (*auto cong: conj-cong*)
apply *arith*
done

lemma *free-subst* [*simp*]:
 $\forall i\ k\ t. free\ (s[t/k])\ i =$
 $(free\ s\ k \wedge free\ t\ i \vee free\ s\ (if\ i < k\ then\ i\ else\ i + 1))$
apply (*induct-tac* *s*)
prefer 2
apply *simp*
apply *blast*
prefer 2
apply *simp*
apply (*simp add: diff-Suc subst-Var split: nat.split*)
done

lemma *free-eta* [*rule-format*]:
 $s -e> t \implies \forall i. free\ t\ i = free\ s\ i$
apply (*erule eta.induct*)
apply (*simp-all cong: conj-cong*)
done

lemma *not-free-eta*:
 $[| s -e> t; \neg free\ s\ i |] \implies \neg free\ t\ i$
apply (*simp add: free-eta*)
done

lemma *eta-subst* [*rule-format*, *simp*]:
 $s -e> t \implies \forall u\ i. s[u/i] -e> t[u/i]$
apply (*erule eta.induct*)
apply (*simp-all add: subst-subst [symmetric]*)
done

theorem *lift-subst-dummy*: $\bigwedge i\ dummy. \neg free\ s\ i \implies lift\ (s[dummy/i])\ i = s$

by (induct s) simp-all

4.3 Confluence of eta

```

lemma square-eta: square eta eta (eta ^ =) (eta ^ =)
  apply (unfold square-def id-def)
  apply (rule impI [THEN allI [THEN allI]])
  apply simp
  apply (erule eta.induct)
  apply (slowsimp intro: subst-not-free eta-subst free-eta [THEN iffD1])
  apply safe
  prefer 5
  apply (blast intro!: eta-subst intro: free-eta [THEN iffD1])
  apply blast+
done

```

```

theorem eta-confluent: confluent eta
  apply (rule square-eta [THEN square-refl-confluent])
done

```

4.4 Congruence rules for eta*

```

lemma rtrancl-eta-Abs: s -e>> s' ==> Abs s -e>> Abs s'
  apply (erule rtrancl-induct)
  apply (blast intro: rtrancl-refl rtrancl-into-rtrancl)+
done

```

```

lemma rtrancl-eta-AppL: s -e>> s' ==> s ° t -e>> s' ° t
  apply (erule rtrancl-induct)
  apply (blast intro: rtrancl-refl rtrancl-into-rtrancl)+
done

```

```

lemma rtrancl-eta-AppR: t -e>> t' ==> s ° t -e>> s ° t'
  apply (erule rtrancl-induct)
  apply (blast intro: rtrancl-refl rtrancl-into-rtrancl)+
done

```

```

lemma rtrancl-eta-App:
  [| s -e>> s'; t -e>> t' |] ==> s ° t -e>> s' ° t'
  apply (blast intro!: rtrancl-eta-AppL rtrancl-eta-AppR intro: rtrancl-trans)
done

```

4.5 Commutation of beta and eta

```

lemma free-beta [rule-format]:
  s -> t ==> ∀ i. free t i --> free s i
  apply (erule beta.induct)
  apply simp-all
done

```

```

lemma beta-subst [rule-format, intro]:
   $s \rightarrow t \implies \forall u \ i. s[u/i] \rightarrow t[u/i]$ 
  apply (erule beta.induct)
  apply (simp-all add: subst-subst [symmetric])
done

lemma subst-Var-Suc [simp]:  $\forall i. t[\text{Var } i/i] = t[\text{Var}(i)/i + 1]$ 
  apply (induct-tac t)
  apply (auto elim!: linorder-neqE simp: subst-Var)
done

lemma eta-lift [rule-format, simp]:
   $s \rightarrow_e t \implies \forall i. \text{lift } s \ i \rightarrow_e \text{lift } t \ i$ 
  apply (erule eta.induct)
  apply simp-all
done

lemma rtrancl-eta-subst [rule-format]:
   $\forall s \ t \ i. s \rightarrow_e t \implies u[s/i] \rightarrow_e u[t/i]$ 
  apply (induct-tac u)
  apply (simp-all add: subst-Var)
  apply (blast)
  apply (blast intro: rtrancl-eta-App)
  apply (blast intro!: rtrancl-eta-Abs eta-lift)
done

lemma square-beta-eta: square beta eta (eta^*) (beta^=)
  apply (unfold square-def)
  apply (rule impI [THEN allI [THEN allI]])
  apply (erule beta.induct)
  apply (slowsimp intro: rtrancl-eta-subst eta-subst)
  apply (blast intro: rtrancl-eta-AppL)
  apply (blast intro: rtrancl-eta-AppR)
  apply simp
  apply (slowsimp intro: rtrancl-eta-Abs free-beta
    iff del: dB.distinct simp: dB.distinct)
done

lemma confluent-beta-eta: confluent (beta  $\cup$  eta)
  apply (assumption |
    rule square-rtrancl-refl-commute confluent-Un
    beta-confluent eta-confluent square-beta-eta)+
done

```

4.6 Implicit definition of eta

$\text{Abs } (\text{lift } s \ 0 \circ \text{Var } 0) \rightarrow_e s$

```

lemma not-free-iff-lifted [rule-format]:
   $\forall i. (\neg \text{free } s \ i) = (\exists t. s = \text{lift } t \ i)$ 

```

```

apply (induct-tac s)
  apply simp
  apply clarify
  apply (rule iffI)
  apply (erule linorder-neqE)
  apply (rule-tac x = Var nat in exI)
  apply simp
  apply (rule-tac x = Var (nat - 1) in exI)
  apply simp
  apply clarify
  apply (rule notE)
  prefer 2
  apply assumption
  apply (erule thin-rl)
  apply (case-tac t)
    apply simp
    apply simp
    apply simp
  apply simp
  apply (erule thin-rl)
  apply (erule thin-rl)
  apply (rule allI)
  apply (rule iffI)
  apply (elim conjE exE)
  apply (rename-tac u1 u2)
  apply (rule-tac x = u1 ° u2 in exI)
  apply simp
  apply (erule exE)
  apply (erule rev-mp)
  apply (case-tac t)
    apply simp
    apply simp
    apply blast
  apply simp
  apply simp
  apply (erule thin-rl)
  apply (rule allI)
  apply (rule iffI)
  apply (erule exE)
  apply (rule-tac x = Abs t in exI)
  apply simp
  apply (erule exE)
  apply (erule rev-mp)
  apply (case-tac t)
    apply simp
    apply simp
  apply simp
  apply blast
done

```

theorem *explicit-is-implicit*:
 $(\forall s\ u. (\neg \text{free } s\ 0) \dashv\vdash R\ (\text{Abs } (s \circ \text{Var } 0))\ (s[u/0])) =$
 $(\forall s. R\ (\text{Abs } (\text{lift } s\ 0 \circ \text{Var } 0))\ s)$
apply (*auto simp add: not-free-iff-lifted*)
done

4.7 Parallel eta-reduction

consts

par-eta :: $(dB \times dB)$ *set*

syntax

-par-eta :: $[dB, dB] \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ (**infixl** =*e*> 50)

translations

$s =_e t \equiv (s, t) \in \text{par-eta}$

syntax (*xsymbols*)

-par-eta :: $[dB, dB] \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ (**infixl** \Rightarrow_η 50)

inductive *par-eta*

intros

var [*simp*, *intro*]: $\text{Var } x \Rightarrow_\eta \text{Var } x$
eta [*simp*, *intro*]: $\neg \text{free } s\ 0 \Longrightarrow s \Rightarrow_\eta s' \Longrightarrow \text{Abs } (s \circ \text{Var } 0) \Rightarrow_\eta s'[\text{dummy}/0]$
app [*simp*, *intro*]: $s \Rightarrow_\eta s' \Longrightarrow t \Rightarrow_\eta t' \Longrightarrow s \circ t \Rightarrow_\eta s' \circ t'$
abs [*simp*, *intro*]: $s \Rightarrow_\eta t \Longrightarrow \text{Abs } s \Rightarrow_\eta \text{Abs } t$

lemma *free-par-eta* [*simp*]: **assumes** *eta*: $s \Rightarrow_\eta t$

shows $\bigwedge i. \text{free } t\ i = \text{free } s\ i$ **using** *eta*

by *induct* (*simp-all cong: conj-cong*)

lemma *par-eta-refl* [*simp*]: $t \Rightarrow_\eta t$

by (*induct* *t*) *simp-all*

lemma *par-eta-lift* [*simp*]:

assumes *eta*: $s \Rightarrow_\eta t$

shows $\bigwedge i. \text{lift } s\ i \Rightarrow_\eta \text{lift } t\ i$ **using** *eta*

by *induct* *simp-all*

lemma *par-eta-subst* [*simp*]:

assumes *eta*: $s \Rightarrow_\eta t$

shows $\bigwedge u\ u'\ i. u \Rightarrow_\eta u' \Longrightarrow s[u/i] \Rightarrow_\eta t[u'/i]$ **using** *eta*

by *induct* (*simp-all add: subst-subst [symmetric] subst-Var*)

theorem *eta-subset-par-eta*: $\text{eta} \subseteq \text{par-eta}$

apply (*rule subsetI*)

apply *clarify*

apply (*erule eta.induct*)

apply (*blast intro!: par-eta-refl*)**+**

```

done

theorem par-eta-subset-eta: par-eta  $\subseteq$  eta*
  apply (rule subsetI)
  apply clarify
  apply (erule par-eta.induct)
  apply blast
  apply (rule rtrancI-into-rtrancI)
  apply (rule rtrancI-eta-Abs)
  apply (rule rtrancI-eta-AppL)
  apply assumption
  apply (rule eta.eta)
  apply simp
  apply (rule rtrancI-eta-App)
  apply assumption+
  apply (rule rtrancI-eta-Abs)
  apply assumption
done

```

4.8 n-ary eta-expansion

```

consts eta-expand :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  dB  $\Rightarrow$  dB
primrec
  eta-expand-0: eta-expand 0 t = t
  eta-expand-Suc: eta-expand (Suc n) t = Abs (lift (eta-expand n t) 0  $\circ$  Var 0)

```

```

lemma eta-expand-Suc':
   $\bigwedge t.$  eta-expand (Suc n) t = eta-expand n (Abs (lift t 0  $\circ$  Var 0))
  by (induct n) simp-all

```

```

theorem lift-eta-expand: lift (eta-expand k t) i = eta-expand k (lift t i)
  by (induct k) (simp-all add: lift-lift)

```

```

theorem eta-expand-beta:
  assumes u: u  $\Rightarrow$  u'
  shows  $\bigwedge t t'. t \Rightarrow t' \implies$  eta-expand k (Abs t)  $\circ$  u  $\Rightarrow$  t'[u'/0]
proof (induct k)
  case 0 with u show ?case by simp
next
  case (Suc k)
  hence Abs (lift t (Suc 0))  $\circ$  Var 0  $\Rightarrow$  lift t' (Suc 0)[Var 0/0]
  by (blast intro: par-beta-lift)
  with Suc show ?case by (simp del: eta-expand-Suc add: eta-expand-Suc')
qed

```

```

theorem eta-expand-red:
  assumes t: t  $\Rightarrow$  t'
  shows eta-expand k t  $\Rightarrow$  eta-expand k t'
  by (induct k) (simp-all add: t)

```

theorem *eta-expand-eta*: $\bigwedge t t'. t \Rightarrow_{\eta} t' \implies \text{eta-expand } k \ t \Rightarrow_{\eta} t'$
proof (*induct k*)
 case 0
 show ?case **by** *simp*
next
 case (*Suc k*)
 have *Abs (lift (eta-expand k t) 0 \circ Var 0) \Rightarrow_{η} lift t' 0[arbitrary/0]*
 by (*fastsimp intro: par-eta-lift Suc*)
 thus ?case **by** *simp*
qed

4.9 Elimination rules for parallel eta reduction

theorem *par-eta-elim-app*: **assumes** *eta*: $t \Rightarrow_{\eta} u$
shows $\bigwedge u1' u2'. u = u1' \circ u2' \implies$
 $\exists u1 u2 k. t = \text{eta-expand } k \ (u1 \circ u2) \wedge u1 \Rightarrow_{\eta} u1' \wedge u2 \Rightarrow_{\eta} u2'$ **using** *eta*
proof *induct*
 case (*app s s' t t'*)
 have $s \circ t = \text{eta-expand } 0 \ (s \circ t)$ **by** *simp*
 with *app* **show** ?case **by** *blast*
next
 case (*eta dummy s s'*)
 then obtain $u1'' u2''$ **where** $s': s' = u1'' \circ u2''$
 by (*cases s'*) (*auto simp add: subst-Var free-par-eta [symmetric] split: split-if-asm*)
 then have $\exists u1 u2 k. s = \text{eta-expand } k \ (u1 \circ u2) \wedge u1 \Rightarrow_{\eta} u1'' \wedge u2 \Rightarrow_{\eta} u2''$
by (*rule eta*)
 then obtain $u1 u2 k$ **where** $s: s = \text{eta-expand } k \ (u1 \circ u2)$
 and $u1: u1 \Rightarrow_{\eta} u1''$ **and** $u2: u2 \Rightarrow_{\eta} u2''$ **by** *iprover*
 from $u1 u2 \text{ eta } s'$ **have** $\neg \text{free } u1 \ 0$ **and** $\neg \text{free } u2 \ 0$
 by (*simp-all del: free-par-eta add: free-par-eta [symmetric]*)
 with s **have** $\text{Abs } (s \circ \text{Var } 0) = \text{eta-expand } (\text{Suc } k) \ (u1[\text{dummy}/0] \circ u2[\text{dummy}/0])$
 by (*simp del: lift-subst add: lift-subst-dummy lift-eta-expand*)
 moreover from $u1 \text{ par-eta-refl}$ **have** $u1[\text{dummy}/0] \Rightarrow_{\eta} u1''[\text{dummy}/0]$
 by (*rule par-eta-subst*)
 moreover from $u2 \text{ par-eta-refl}$ **have** $u2[\text{dummy}/0] \Rightarrow_{\eta} u2''[\text{dummy}/0]$
 by (*rule par-eta-subst*)
 ultimately show ?case **using** *eta s'*
 by (*simp only: subst.simps dB.simps*) *blast*
next
 case *var* **thus** ?case **by** *simp*
next
 case *abs* **thus** ?case **by** *simp*
qed

theorem *par-eta-elim-abs*: **assumes** *eta*: $t \Rightarrow_{\eta} t'$
shows $\bigwedge u'. t' = \text{Abs } u' \implies$
 $\exists u k. t = \text{eta-expand } k \ (\text{Abs } u) \wedge u \Rightarrow_{\eta} u'$ **using** *eta*
proof *induct*

```

case (abs s t)
have Abs s = eta-expand 0 (Abs s) by simp
with abs show ?case by blast
next
case (eta dummy s s')
then obtain u'' where s': s' = Abs u''
by (cases s') (auto simp add: subst-Var free-par-eta [symmetric] split: split-if-asm)
then have  $\exists u k. s = \text{eta-expand } k (Abs u) \wedge u \Rightarrow_\eta u''$  by (rule eta)
then obtain u k where s: s = eta-expand k (Abs u) and u: u  $\Rightarrow_\eta$  u'' by iprover
from eta u s' have  $\neg \text{free } u (Suc 0)$ 
by (simp del: free-par-eta add: free-par-eta [symmetric])
with s have Abs (s  $\circ$  Var 0) = eta-expand (Suc k) (Abs (u[lift dummy 0/Suc 0]))
by (simp del: lift-subst add: lift-eta-expand lift-subst-dummy)
moreover from u par-eta-refl have  $u[\text{lift dummy } 0/\text{Suc } 0] \Rightarrow_\eta u''[\text{lift dummy } 0/\text{Suc } 0]$ 
by (rule par-eta-subst)
ultimately show ?case using eta s' by fastsimp
next
case var thus ?case by simp
next
case app thus ?case by simp
qed

```

4.10 Eta-postponement theorem

Based on a proof by Masako Takahashi [2].

theorem *par-eta-beta*: $\bigwedge s u. s \Rightarrow_\eta t \implies t => u \implies \exists t'. s => t' \wedge t' \Rightarrow_\eta u$

proof (*induct t rule: measure-induct [of size, rule-format]*)

```

case (1 t)
from 1(3)
show ?case
proof cases
case (var n)
with 1 show ?thesis
by (auto intro: par-beta-refl)
next
case (abs r' r'')
with 1 have  $s \Rightarrow_\eta Abs r'$  by simp
then obtain r k where s: s = eta-expand k (Abs r) and rr: r  $\Rightarrow_\eta$  r'
by (blast dest: par-eta-elim-abs)
from abs have size r' < size t by simp
with abs(2) rr obtain t' where rt: r => t' and t': t'  $\Rightarrow_\eta$  r''
by (blast dest: 1)
with s abs show ?thesis
by (auto intro: eta-expand-red eta-expand-eta)
next
case (app q' q'' r' r'')
with 1 have  $s \Rightarrow_\eta q' \circ r'$  by simp

```

then obtain $q\ r\ k$ where $s: s = \text{eta-expand } k\ (q \circ r)$
 and $qq: q \Rightarrow_{\eta} q'$ and $rr: r \Rightarrow_{\eta} r'$
 by (*blast dest: par-eta-elim-app [OF - refl]*)
 from *app* have $\text{size } q' < \text{size } t$ and $\text{size } r' < \text{size } t$ by *simp-all*
 with *app*(2,3) *qq rr* obtain $t'\ t''$ where $q \Rightarrow t'$ and
 $t' \Rightarrow_{\eta} q''$ and $r \Rightarrow t''$ and $t'' \Rightarrow_{\eta} r''$
 by (*blast dest: 1*)
 with *s app* show ?thesis
 by (*fastsimp intro: eta-expand-red eta-expand-eta*)
 next
 case (*beta* $q'\ q''\ r'\ r''$)
 with 1 have $s \Rightarrow_{\eta} \text{Abs } q' \circ r'$ by *simp*
 then obtain $q\ r\ k\ k'$ where $s: s = \text{eta-expand } k\ (\text{eta-expand } k'\ (\text{Abs } q) \circ r)$
 and $qq: q \Rightarrow_{\eta} q'$ and $rr: r \Rightarrow_{\eta} r'$
 by (*blast dest: par-eta-elim-app par-eta-elim-abs*)
 from *beta* have $\text{size } q' < \text{size } t$ and $\text{size } r' < \text{size } t$ by *simp-all*
 with *beta*(2,3) *qq rr* obtain $t'\ t''$ where $q \Rightarrow t'$ and
 $t' \Rightarrow_{\eta} q''$ and $r \Rightarrow t''$ and $t'' \Rightarrow_{\eta} r''$
 by (*blast dest: 1*)
 with *s beta* show ?thesis
 by (*auto intro: eta-expand-red eta-expand-beta eta-expand-eta par-eta-subst*)
 qed
 qed

theorem *eta-postponement'*: assumes *eta*: $s -e>> t$
 shows $\bigwedge u. t \Rightarrow u \implies \exists t'. s \Rightarrow t' \wedge t' -e>> u$
 using *eta* [*simplified rtrancl-subset*
 [*OF eta-subset-par-eta par-eta-subset-eta, symmetric*]]

proof *induct*
 case 1
 thus ?case by *blast*
 next
 case (2 $s'\ s''\ s'''$)
 from 2 obtain t' where $s': s' \Rightarrow t'$ and $t': t' \Rightarrow_{\eta} s'''$
 by (*auto dest: par-eta-beta*)
 from s' obtain t'' where $s: s \Rightarrow t''$ and $t'': t'' -e>> t'$
 by (*blast dest: 2*)
 from *par-eta-subset-eta* t' have $t' -e>> s'''$..
 with t'' have $t'' -e>> s'''$ by (*rule rtrancl-trans*)
 with *s* show ?case by *iprover*
 qed

theorem *eta-postponement*:
 assumes *st*: $(s, t) \in (\text{beta} \cup \text{eta})^*$
 shows $(s, t) \in \text{eta}^* \circ \text{beta}^*$ using *st*
proof *induct*
 case 1
 show ?case by *blast*
 next


```

case (2 s' s'')
from 2(3) obtain t' where s: s →β* t' and t': t' -e>> s' by blast
from 2(2) show ?case
proof
  assume s' -> s''
  with beta-subset-par-beta have s' => s'' ..
  with t' obtain t'' where st: t' => t'' and tu: t'' -e>> s''
  by (auto dest: eta-postponement)
  from par-beta-subset-beta st have t' →β* t'' ..
  with s have s →β* t'' by (rule rtrancl-trans)
  thus ?thesis using tu ..
next
  assume s' -e> s''
  with t' have t' -e>> s'' ..
  with s show ?thesis ..
qed
qed
end

```

5 Application of a term to a list of terms

theory *ListApplication* imports *Lambda* begin

syntax

-list-application :: *dB* => *dB list* => *dB* (infixl ^{oo} 150)

translations

t ^{oo} *ts* == foldl (*op* ^o) *t* *ts*

lemma *apps-eq-tail-conv* [iff]: (*r* ^{oo} *ts* = *s* ^{oo} *ts*) = (*r* = *s*)

apply (induct-tac *ts* rule: rev-induct)

apply auto

done

lemma *Var-eq-apps-conv* [iff]:

$\bigwedge s. (Var\ m = s \text{ } ^{oo} \text{ } ss) = (Var\ m = s \wedge ss = [])$

apply (induct *ss*)

apply auto

done

lemma *Var-apps-eq-Var-apps-conv* [iff]:

$\bigwedge ss. (Var\ m \text{ } ^{oo} \text{ } rs = Var\ n \text{ } ^{oo} \text{ } ss) = (m = n \wedge rs = ss)$

apply (induct *rs* rule: rev-induct)

apply simp

apply blast

apply (induct-tac *ss* rule: rev-induct)

apply auto

done

lemma *App-eq-foldl-conv*:

$(r \circ s = t \circ\circ ts) =$
 $(\text{if } ts = [] \text{ then } r \circ s = t$
 $\text{ else } (\exists ss. ts = ss @ [s] \wedge r = t \circ\circ ss))$
apply (*rule-tac* $xs = ts$ **in** *rev-exhaust*)
apply *auto*
done

lemma *Abs-eq-apps-conv* [*iff*]:

$(Abs\ r = s \circ\circ ss) = (Abs\ r = s \wedge ss = [])$
apply (*induct-tac* ss *rule*: *rev-induct*)
apply *auto*
done

lemma *apps-eq-Abs-conv* [*iff*]: $(s \circ\circ ss = Abs\ r) = (s = Abs\ r \wedge ss = [])$

apply (*induct-tac* ss *rule*: *rev-induct*)
apply *auto*
done

lemma *Abs-apps-eq-Abs-apps-conv* [*iff*]:

$\bigwedge ss. (Abs\ r \circ\circ rs = Abs\ s \circ\circ ss) = (r = s \wedge rs = ss)$
apply (*induct* rs *rule*: *rev-induct*)
apply *simp*
apply *blast*
apply (*induct-tac* ss *rule*: *rev-induct*)
apply *auto*
done

lemma *Abs-App-neq-Var-apps* [*iff*]:

$\forall s\ t. Abs\ s \circ\ t \sim = Var\ n \circ\circ ss$
apply (*induct-tac* ss *rule*: *rev-induct*)
apply *auto*
done

lemma *Var-apps-neq-Abs-apps* [*iff*]:

$\bigwedge ts. Var\ n \circ\circ ts \sim = Abs\ r \circ\circ ss$
apply (*induct* ss *rule*: *rev-induct*)
apply *simp*
apply (*induct-tac* ts *rule*: *rev-induct*)
apply *auto*
done

lemma *ex-head-tail*:

$\exists ts\ h. t = h \circ\circ ts \wedge ((\exists n. h = Var\ n) \vee (\exists u. h = Abs\ u))$
apply (*induct-tac* t)
apply (*rule-tac* $x = []$ **in** *exI*)
apply *simp*
apply *clarify*

```

apply (rename-tac ts1 ts2 h1 h2)
apply (rule-tac x = ts1 @ [h2 °° ts2] in exI)
apply simp
apply simp
done

lemma size-apps [simp]:
  size (r °° rs) = size r + foldl (op +) 0 (map size rs) + length rs
apply (induct-tac rs rule: rev-induct)
apply auto
done

lemma lem0: [| (0::nat) < k; m <= n |] ==> m < n + k
apply simp
done

lemma lift-map [simp]:
   $\bigwedge t. \text{lift } (t \circ\circ ts) \ i = \text{lift } t \ i \circ\circ \text{map } (\lambda t. \text{lift } t \ i) \ ts$ 
by (induct ts) simp-all

lemma subst-map [simp]:
   $\bigwedge t. \text{subst } (t \circ\circ ts) \ u \ i = \text{subst } t \ u \ i \circ\circ \text{map } (\lambda t. \text{subst } t \ u \ i) \ ts$ 
by (induct ts) simp-all

lemma app-last: (t °° ts) ° u = t °° (ts @ [u])
by simp

A customized induction schema for °°.

lemma lem [rule-format (no-asm)]:
  [| !!n ts.  $\forall t \in \text{set } ts. P \ t \implies P \ (\text{Var } n \circ\circ ts)$ ;
    !!u ts. [| P u;  $\forall t \in \text{set } ts. P \ t$  |] ==> P (Abs u °° ts)
  |] ==>  $\forall t. \text{size } t = n \dashv\vdash P \ t$ 
proof -
  case rule-context
  show ?thesis
  apply (induct-tac n rule: nat-less-induct)
  apply (rule allI)
  apply (cut-tac t = t in ex-head-tail)
  apply clarify
  apply (erule disjE)
  apply clarify
  apply (rule prems)
  apply clarify
  apply (erule allE, erule impE)
  prefer 2
  apply (erule allE, erule mp, rule refl)
  apply simp
  apply (rule lem0)
  apply force

```

```

    apply (rule elem-le-sum)
    apply force
    apply clarify
    apply (rule prems)
    apply (erule allE, erule impE)
    prefer 2
    apply (erule allE, erule mp, rule refl)
    apply simp
    apply clarify
    apply (erule allE, erule impE)
    prefer 2
    apply (erule allE, erule mp, rule refl)
    apply simp
    apply (rule le-imp-less-Suc)
    apply (rule trans-le-add1)
    apply (rule trans-le-add2)
    apply (rule elem-le-sum)
    apply force
    done
qed

theorem Apps-dB-induct:
  [| !!n ts.  $\forall t \in \text{set } ts. P\ t \implies P\ (\text{Var } n \circ\!\!\circ\ ts)$ ;
   !!u ts. [|  $P\ u$ ;  $\forall t \in \text{set } ts. P\ t$  |]  $\implies P\ (\text{Abs } u \circ\!\!\circ\ ts)$ 
  |]  $\implies P\ t$ 
proof -
  case rule-context
  show ?thesis
    apply (rule-tac  $t = t$  in lem)
    prefer 3
    apply (rule refl)
    apply (assumption | rule prems)+
    done
qed

end

```

6 Simply-typed lambda terms

theory *Type* imports *ListApplication* begin

6.1 Environments

```

constdefs
  shift :: (nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a)  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a    ( $-\langle\!-\!:\!-\!\rangle$  [90, 0, 0] 91)
  e<i:a>  $\equiv$   $\lambda j. \text{if } j < i \text{ then } e\ j \text{ else if } j = i \text{ then } a \text{ else } e\ (j - 1)$ 
syntax (xsymbols)
  shift :: (nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a)  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a    ( $-\langle\!-\!:\!-\!\rangle$  [90, 0, 0] 91)

```

```

syntax (HTML output)
  shift :: (nat ⇒ 'a) ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a    (-(·:-) [90, 0, 0] 91)

lemma shift-eq [simp]: i = j ⇒ (e⟨i:T⟩) j = T
  by (simp add: shift-def)

lemma shift-gt [simp]: j < i ⇒ (e⟨i:T⟩) j = e j
  by (simp add: shift-def)

lemma shift-lt [simp]: i < j ⇒ (e⟨i:T⟩) j = e (j - 1)
  by (simp add: shift-def)

lemma shift-commute [simp]: e⟨i:U⟩⟨0:T⟩ = e⟨0:T⟩⟨Suc i:U⟩
  apply (rule ext)
  apply (case-tac x)
  apply simp
  apply (case-tac nat)
  apply (simp-all add: shift-def)
done

```

6.2 Types and typing rules

```

datatype type =
  Atom nat
  | Fun type type    (infixr ⇒ 200)

consts
  typing :: ((nat ⇒ type) × dB × type) set
  typings :: (nat ⇒ type) ⇒ dB list ⇒ type list ⇒ bool

syntax
  -funs :: type list ⇒ type ⇒ type    (infixr ==>> 200)
  -typing :: (nat ⇒ type) ⇒ dB ⇒ type ⇒ bool    (-|- - : - [50, 50, 50] 50)
  -typings :: (nat ⇒ type) ⇒ dB list ⇒ type list ⇒ bool
    (-||- - : - [50, 50, 50] 50)

syntax (xsymbols)
  -typing :: (nat ⇒ type) ⇒ dB ⇒ type ⇒ bool    (-| - : - [50, 50, 50] 50)

syntax (latex)
  -funs :: type list ⇒ type ⇒ type    (infixr ⇒ 200)
  -typings :: (nat ⇒ type) ⇒ dB list ⇒ type list ⇒ bool
    (-⊢ - : - [50, 50, 50] 50)

translations
  Ts ⇒ T ⇒ foldr Fun Ts T
  env ⊢ t : T ⇒ (env, t, T) ∈ typing
  env ⊢ ts : Ts ⇒ typings env ts Ts

```

inductive typing

intros

Var [intro!]: env x = T ⇒ env ⊢ Var x : T

$Abs \text{ [intro!]}: env \langle 0:T \rangle \vdash t : U \implies env \vdash Abs \ t : (T \Rightarrow U)$
 $App \text{ [intro!]}: env \vdash s : T \Rightarrow U \implies env \vdash t : T \implies env \vdash (s \circ t) : U$

inductive-cases *typing-elim* *[elim!]*:

$e \vdash Var \ i : T$
 $e \vdash t \circ u : T$
 $e \vdash Abs \ t : T$

primrec

$(e \Vdash [] : Ts) = (Ts = [])$
 $(e \Vdash (t \# ts) : Ts) =$
 $(case \ Ts \ of$
 $\quad [] \Rightarrow False$
 $\quad | \ T \ \# \ Ts \Rightarrow e \vdash t : T \wedge e \Vdash ts : Ts)$

6.3 Some examples

lemma $e \vdash Abs \ (Abs \ (Abs \ (Var \ 1 \circ (Var \ 2 \circ Var \ 1 \circ Var \ 0)))) : ?T$
by *force*

lemma $e \vdash Abs \ (Abs \ (Abs \ (Var \ 2 \circ Var \ 0 \circ (Var \ 1 \circ Var \ 0)))) : ?T$
by *force*

6.4 Lists of types

lemma *lists-typings*:

$\bigwedge Ts. e \Vdash ts : Ts \implies ts \in lists \ \{t. \exists T. e \vdash t : T\}$
apply (*induct ts*)
apply (*case-tac Ts*)
apply *simp*
apply (*rule lists.Nil*)
apply *simp*
apply (*case-tac Ts*)
apply *simp*
apply *simp*
apply (*rule lists.Cons*)
apply *blast*
apply *blast*
done

lemma *types-snoc*: $\bigwedge Ts. e \Vdash ts : Ts \implies e \vdash t : T \implies e \Vdash ts @ [t] : Ts @ [T]$
apply (*induct ts*)
apply *simp*
apply (*case-tac Ts*)
apply *simp*+
done

lemma *types-snoc-eq*: $\bigwedge Ts. e \Vdash ts @ [t] : Ts @ [T] =$
 $(e \Vdash ts : Ts \wedge e \vdash t : T)$
apply (*induct ts*)

```

apply (case-tac Ts)
apply simp+
apply (case-tac Ts)
apply (case-tac ts @ [t])
apply simp+
done

```

lemma *rev-exhaust2* [case-names Nil snoc, extraction-expand]:
 $(xs = [] \implies P) \implies (\bigwedge ys\ y. xs = ys @ [y] \implies P) \implies P$
 — Cannot use *rev-exhaust* from the *List* theory, since it is not constructive
apply (subgoal-tac $\forall ys. xs = rev\ ys \longrightarrow P$)
apply (erule-tac $x = rev\ xs$ in *allE*)
apply simp
apply (rule *allI*)
apply (rule *impI*)
apply (case-tac *ys*)
apply simp
apply simp
apply atomize
apply (erule *allE*) +
apply (erule *mp*, rule *conjI*)
apply (rule *refl*) +
done

lemma *types-snocE*: $e \Vdash ts @ [t] : Ts \implies$
 $(\bigwedge Us\ U. Ts = Us @ [U] \implies e \Vdash ts : Us \implies e \vdash t : U \implies P) \implies P$
apply (cases Ts rule: *rev-exhaust2*)
apply simp
apply (case-tac ts @ [t])
apply (simp add: *types-snoc-eq*) +
apply iprover
done

6.5 n-ary function types

lemma *list-app-typeD*:
 $\bigwedge t\ T. e \vdash t \circ\circ ts : T \implies \exists Ts. e \vdash t : Ts \Rightarrow T \wedge e \Vdash ts : Ts$
apply (induct ts)
apply simp
apply atomize
apply simp
apply (erule-tac $x = t \circ a$ in *allE*)
apply (erule-tac $x = T$ in *allE*)
apply (erule *impE*)
apply assumption
apply (elim *exE conjE*)
apply (ind-cases $e \vdash t \circ u : T$)
apply (rule-tac $x = Ta \# Ts$ in *exI*)
apply simp

done

lemma *list-app-typeE*:

$e \vdash t \circ\circ ts : T \implies (\bigwedge Ts. e \vdash t : Ts \Rightarrow T \implies e \Vdash ts : Ts \implies C) \implies C$
by (*insert list-app-typeD*) *fast*

lemma *list-app-typeI*:

$\bigwedge t T Ts. e \vdash t : Ts \Rightarrow T \implies e \Vdash ts : Ts \implies e \vdash t \circ\circ ts : T$
apply (*induct ts*)
apply *simp*
apply *atomize*
apply (*case-tac Ts*)
apply *simp*
apply *simp*
apply (*erule-tac x = t ° a in allE*)
apply (*erule-tac x = T in allE*)
apply (*erule-tac x = list in allE*)
apply (*erule impE*)
apply (*erule conjE*)
apply (*erule typing.App*)
apply *assumption*
apply *blast*
done

For the specific case where the head of the term is a variable, the following theorems allow to infer the types of the arguments without analyzing the typing derivation. This is crucial for program extraction.

theorem *var-app-type-eq*:

$\bigwedge T U. e \vdash \text{Var } i \circ\circ ts : T \implies e \vdash \text{Var } i \circ\circ ts : U \implies T = U$
apply (*induct ts rule: rev-induct*)
apply *simp*
apply (*ind-cases e ⊢ Var i : T*)
apply (*ind-cases e ⊢ Var i : T*)
apply *simp*
apply *simp*
apply (*ind-cases e ⊢ t ° u : T*)
apply (*ind-cases e ⊢ t ° u : T*)
apply *atomize*
apply (*erule-tac x=Ta ⇒ T in allE*)
apply (*erule-tac x=Tb ⇒ U in allE*)
apply (*erule impE*)
apply *assumption*
apply (*erule impE*)
apply *assumption*
apply *simp*
done

lemma *var-app-types*: $\bigwedge ts Ts U. e \vdash \text{Var } i \circ\circ ts \circ\circ us : T \implies e \Vdash ts : Ts \implies e \vdash \text{Var } i \circ\circ ts : U \implies \exists Us. U = Us \Rightarrow T \wedge e \Vdash us : Us$


```

apply (induct us)
apply simp
apply (erule var-app-type-eq)
apply assumption
apply simp
apply atomize
apply (case-tac U)
apply (rule FalseE)
apply simp
apply (erule list-app-typeE)
apply (ind-cases e  $\vdash$   $t \circ u : T$ )
apply (drule-tac  $T = \text{Atom nat}$  and  $U = Ta \Rightarrow Tsa \Rightarrow T$  in var-app-type-eq)
apply assumption
apply simp
apply (erule-tac  $x = ts$   $@ [a]$  in allE)
apply (erule-tac  $x = Ts$   $@ [type1]$  in allE)
apply (erule-tac  $x = type2$  in allE)
apply simp
apply (erule impE)
apply (rule types-snoc)
apply assumption
apply (erule list-app-typeE)
apply (ind-cases e  $\vdash$   $t \circ u : T$ )
apply (drule-tac  $T = type1 \Rightarrow type2$  and  $U = Ta \Rightarrow Tsa \Rightarrow T$  in var-app-type-eq)
apply assumption
apply simp
apply (erule impE)
apply (rule typing.App)
apply assumption
apply (erule list-app-typeE)
apply (ind-cases e  $\vdash$   $t \circ u : T$ )
apply (frule-tac  $T = type1 \Rightarrow type2$  and  $U = Ta \Rightarrow Tsa \Rightarrow T$  in var-app-type-eq)
apply assumption
apply simp
apply (erule exE)
apply (rule-tac  $x = type1 \# Us$  in exI)
apply simp
apply (erule list-app-typeE)
apply (ind-cases e  $\vdash$   $t \circ u : T$ )
apply (frule-tac  $T = type1 \Rightarrow Us \Rightarrow T$  and  $U = Ta \Rightarrow Tsa \Rightarrow T$  in var-app-type-eq)
apply assumption
apply simp
done

```

```

lemma var-app-typesE:  $e \vdash \text{Var } i \circ \circ ts : T \Longrightarrow$ 
  ( $\bigwedge Ts. e \vdash \text{Var } i : Ts \Rightarrow T \Longrightarrow e \Vdash ts : Ts \Longrightarrow P$ )  $\Longrightarrow P$ 
apply (drule var-app-types [of - -], simplified)
apply (iprover intro: typing.Var) $+$ 
done

```

```

lemma abs-typeE:  $e \vdash \text{Abs } t : T \implies (\bigwedge U V. e\langle 0:U \rangle \vdash t : V \implies P) \implies P$ 
  apply (cases  $T$ )
  apply (rule FalseE)
  apply (erule typing.elims)
  apply simp-all
  apply atomize
  apply (erule-tac  $x=\text{type1}$  in allE)
  apply (erule-tac  $x=\text{type2}$  in allE)
  apply (erule mp)
  apply (erule typing.elims)
  apply simp-all
done

```

6.6 Lifting preserves well-typedness

```

lemma lift-type [intro!]:  $e \vdash t : T \implies (\bigwedge i U. e\langle i:U \rangle \vdash \text{lift } t \ i : T)$ 
  by (induct set: typing) auto

```

```

lemma lift-types:
   $\bigwedge Ts. e \Vdash ts : Ts \implies e\langle i:U \rangle \Vdash (\text{map } (\lambda t. \text{lift } t \ i) \ ts) : Ts$ 
  apply (induct ts)
  apply simp
  apply (case-tac  $Ts$ )
  apply auto
done

```

6.7 Substitution lemmas

```

lemma subst-lemma:
   $e \vdash t : T \implies (\bigwedge e' i U u. e' \vdash u : U \implies e = e'\langle i:U \rangle \implies e' \vdash t[u/i] : T)$ 
  apply (induct set: typing)
  apply (rule-tac  $x = x$  and  $y = i$  in linorder-cases)
  apply auto
  apply blast
done

```

```

lemma subst-ts-lemma:
   $\bigwedge Ts. e \vdash u : T \implies e\langle i:T \rangle \Vdash ts : Ts \implies$ 
     $e \Vdash (\text{map } (\lambda t. t[u/i]) \ ts) : Ts$ 
  apply (induct ts)
  apply (case-tac  $Ts$ )
  apply simp
  apply simp
  apply atomize
  apply (case-tac  $Ts$ )
  apply simp
  apply simp
  apply (erule conjE)
  apply (erule (1) subst-lemma)

```

```

  apply (rule refl)
done

```

6.8 Subject reduction

```

lemma subject-reduction:  $e \vdash t : T \implies (\bigwedge t'. t \rightarrow t' \implies e \vdash t' : T)$ 
  apply (induct set: typing)
  apply blast
  apply blast
  apply atomize
  apply (ind-cases  $s \circ t \rightarrow t'$ )
  apply hypsubst
  apply (ind-cases  $env \vdash Abs\ t : T \Rightarrow U$ )
  apply (rule subst-lemma)
  apply assumption
  apply assumption
  apply (rule ext)
  apply (case-tac x)
  apply auto
done

```

```

theorem subject-reduction':  $t \rightarrow_{\beta^*} t' \implies e \vdash t : T \implies e \vdash t' : T$ 
  by (induct set: rtrancl) (iprover intro: subject-reduction)+

```

6.9 Alternative induction rule for types

```

lemma type-induct [induct type]:
  ( $\bigwedge T. (\bigwedge T1\ T2. T = T1 \Rightarrow T2 \implies P\ T1) \implies$ 
    ( $\bigwedge T1\ T2. T = T1 \Rightarrow T2 \implies P\ T2) \implies P\ T) \implies P\ T$ 
proof -
  case rule-context
  show ?thesis
  proof (induct T)
    case Atom
    show ?case by (rule rule-context) simp-all
  next
    case Fun
    show ?case by (rule rule-context) (insert Fun, simp-all)
  qed
qed
end

```

7 Lifting an order to lists of elements

```

theory ListOrder imports Accessible-Part begin

```

Lifting an order to lists of elements, relating exactly one element.

constdefs

```

step1 :: ('a × 'a) set => ('a list × 'a list) set
step1 r ==
  {(ys, xs). ∃ us z z' vs. xs = us @ z # vs ∧ (z', z) ∈ r ∧ ys =
    us @ z' # vs}

```

lemma *step1-converse* [simp]: $step1\ (r^{-1}) = (step1\ r)^{-1}$
apply (unfold step1-def)
apply blast
done

lemma *in-step1-converse* [iff]: $(p \in step1\ (r^{-1})) = (p \in (step1\ r)^{-1})$
apply auto
done

lemma *not-Nil-step1* [iff]: $([], xs) \notin step1\ r$
apply (unfold step1-def)
apply blast
done

lemma *not-step1-Nil* [iff]: $(xs, []) \notin step1\ r$
apply (unfold step1-def)
apply blast
done

lemma *Cons-step1-Cons* [iff]:
 $((y \# ys, x \# xs) \in step1\ r) =$
 $((y, x) \in r \wedge xs = ys \vee x = y \wedge (ys, xs) \in step1\ r)$
apply (unfold step1-def)
apply simp
apply (rule iffI)
apply (erule exE)
apply (rename-tac ts)
apply (case-tac ts)
apply fastsimp
apply force
apply (erule disjE)
apply blast
apply (blast intro: Cons-eq-appendI)
done

lemma *append-step1I*:
 $(ys, xs) \in step1\ r \wedge vs = us \vee ys = xs \wedge (vs, us) \in step1\ r$
 $\implies (ys @ vs, xs @ us) : step1\ r$
apply (unfold step1-def)
apply auto
apply blast
apply (blast intro: append-eq-appendI)

done

lemma *Cons-step1E* [rule-format, elim!]:

[[$(ys, x \# xs) \in \text{step1 } r$;
 $\forall y. ys = y \# xs \longrightarrow (y, x) \in r \longrightarrow R$;
 $\forall zs. ys = x \# zs \longrightarrow (zs, xs) \in \text{step1 } r \longrightarrow R$
]] $\implies R$
apply (case-tac ys)
apply (simp add: step1-def)
apply blast
done

lemma *Snoc-step1-SnocD*:

$(ys @ [y], xs @ [x]) \in \text{step1 } r$
 $\implies ((ys, xs) \in \text{step1 } r \wedge y = x \vee ys = xs \wedge (y, x) \in r)$
apply (unfold step1-def)
apply simp
apply (clarify del: disjCI)
apply (rename-tac vs)
apply (rule-tac $xs = vs$ in rev-exhaust)
apply force
apply simp
apply blast
done

lemma *Cons-acc-step1I* [rule-format, intro!]:

$x \in \text{acc } r \implies \forall xs. xs \in \text{acc } (\text{step1 } r) \longrightarrow x \# xs \in \text{acc } (\text{step1 } r)$
apply (erule acc-induct)
apply (erule thin-rl)
apply clarify
apply (erule acc-induct)
apply (rule accI)
apply blast
done

lemma *lists-accD*: $xs \in \text{lists } (\text{acc } r) \implies xs \in \text{acc } (\text{step1 } r)$

apply (erule lists.induct)
apply (rule accI)
apply simp
apply (rule accI)
apply (fast dest: acc-downward)
done

lemma *ex-step1I*:

[[$x \in \text{set } xs; (y, x) \in r$]]
 $\implies \exists ys. (ys, xs) \in \text{step1 } r \wedge y \in \text{set } ys$
apply (unfold step1-def)
apply (drule in-set-conv-decomp [THEN iffD1])
apply force

```

done

lemma lists-accI:  $xs \in acc \ (step1 \ r) \implies xs \in lists \ (acc \ r)$ 
  apply (erule acc-induct)
  apply clarify
  apply (rule accI)
  apply (drule ex-step1I, assumption)
  apply blast
done

end

```

8 Lifting beta-reduction to lists

theory *ListBeta* **imports** *ListApplication ListOrder* **begin**

Lifting beta-reduction to lists of terms, reducing exactly one element.

```

syntax
  -list-beta ::  $dB \Rightarrow dB \Rightarrow bool$   (infixl => 50)
translations
   $rs \Rightarrow ss == (rs, ss) : step1 \ beta$ 

```

```

lemma head-Var-reduction-aux:
   $v \rightarrow v' \implies \forall rs. v = Var \ n \ \circ\!\circ \ rs \dashrightarrow (\exists ss. rs \Rightarrow ss \wedge v' = Var \ n \ \circ\!\circ \ ss)$ 
  apply (erule beta.induct)
  apply simp
  apply (rule allI)
  apply (rule-tac  $xs = rs$  in rev-exhaust)
  apply simp
  apply (force intro: append-step1I)
  apply (rule allI)
  apply (rule-tac  $xs = rs$  in rev-exhaust)
  apply simp
  apply (auto 0 3 intro: disjI2 [THEN append-step1I])
done

```

```

lemma head-Var-reduction:
   $Var \ n \ \circ\!\circ \ rs \rightarrow v \implies (\exists ss. rs \Rightarrow ss \wedge v = Var \ n \ \circ\!\circ \ ss)$ 
  apply (drule head-Var-reduction-aux)
  apply blast
done

```

```

lemma apps-betasE-aux:
   $u \rightarrow u' \implies \forall r \ rs. u = r \ \circ\!\circ \ rs \dashrightarrow$ 
     $((\exists r'. r \rightarrow r' \wedge u' = r' \ \circ\!\circ \ rs) \vee$ 
     $(\exists rs'. rs \Rightarrow rs' \wedge u' = r \ \circ\!\circ \ rs') \vee$ 
     $(\exists s \ t \ ts. r = Abs \ s \wedge rs = t \ \# \ ts \wedge u' = s[t/0] \ \circ\!\circ \ ts))$ 
  apply (erule beta.induct)

```

```

apply (clarify del: disjCI)
apply (case-tac r)
  apply simp
  apply (simp add: App-eq-foldl-conv)
  apply (split split-if-asm)
  apply simp
  apply blast
  apply simp
  apply (simp add: App-eq-foldl-conv)
  apply (split split-if-asm)
  apply simp
  apply simp
  apply (clarify del: disjCI)
  apply (drule App-eq-foldl-conv [THEN iffD1])
  apply (split split-if-asm)
  apply simp
  apply blast
  apply (force intro!: disjI1 [THEN append-step1I])
apply (clarify del: disjCI)
apply (drule App-eq-foldl-conv [THEN iffD1])
apply (split split-if-asm)
  apply simp
  apply blast
apply (clarify, auto 0 3 intro!: exI intro: append-step1I)
done

```

```

lemma apps-betasE [elim!]:
  [|  $r \circ\circ rs \rightarrow s$ ;  $!!r'. [| r \rightarrow r'; s = r' \circ\circ rs ] \implies R$ ;
     $!!rs'. [| rs \Rightarrow rs'; s = r \circ\circ rs' ] \implies R$ ;
     $!!t u us. [| r = Abs\ t; rs = u \# us; s = t[u/0] \circ\circ us ] \implies R |]$ 
   $\implies R$ 
proof -
  assume major:  $r \circ\circ rs \rightarrow s$ 
  case rule-context
  show ?thesis
    apply (cut-tac major [THEN apps-betasE-aux, THEN spec, THEN spec])
    apply (assumption | rule refl | erule prems exE conjE impE disjE)+
  done
qed

```

```

lemma apps-preserves-beta [simp]:
   $r \rightarrow s \implies r \circ\circ ss \rightarrow s \circ\circ ss$ 
  apply (induct-tac ss rule: rev-induct)
  apply auto
  done

```

```

lemma apps-preserves-beta2 [simp]:
   $r \rightarrow\rightarrow s \implies r \circ\circ ss \rightarrow\rightarrow s \circ\circ ss$ 
  apply (erule rtrancl-induct)

```

```

  apply blast
  apply (blast intro: apps-preserves-beta rtranc1-into-rtranc1)
done

lemma apps-preserves-betas [rule-format, simp]:
   $\forall ss. rs ==> ss \dashrightarrow r \circ\circ rs \dashrightarrow r \circ\circ ss$ 
  apply (induct-tac rs rule: rev-induct)
  apply simp
  apply simp
  apply clarify
  apply (rule-tac xs = ss in rev-exhaust)
  apply simp
  apply simp
  apply (drule Snoc-step1-SnocD)
  apply blast
done

end

```

9 Inductive characterization of terminating lambda terms

theory *InductTermi* imports *ListBeta* begin

9.1 Terminating lambda terms

```

consts
  IT :: dB set

inductive IT
  intros
    Var [intro]: rs : lists IT ==> Var n  $\circ\circ$  rs : IT
    Lambda [intro]: r : IT ==> Abs r : IT
    Beta [intro]: (r[s/0])  $\circ\circ$  ss : IT ==> s : IT ==> (Abs r  $\circ$  s)  $\circ\circ$  ss : IT

```

9.2 Every term in IT terminates

```

lemma double-induction-lemma [rule-format]:
  s : termi beta ==>  $\forall t. t : termi beta \dashrightarrow$ 
    ( $\forall r ss. t = r[s/0] \circ\circ ss \dashrightarrow Abs r \circ s \circ\circ ss : termi beta$ )
  apply (erule acc-induct)
  apply (erule thin-rl)
  apply (rule allI)
  apply (rule impI)
  apply (erule acc-induct)
  apply clarify
  apply (rule accI)
  apply (safe elim!: apps-betasE)

```



```

    apply assumption
    apply (blast intro: subst-preserves-beta apps-preserves-beta)
    apply (blast intro: apps-preserves-beta2 subst-preserves-beta2 rtrancl-converseI
      dest: acc-downwards)
    apply (blast dest: apps-preserves-betas)
  done

lemma IT-implies-termi:  $t : IT \implies t : \text{termi beta}$ 
  apply (erule IT.induct)
  apply (drule rev-subsetD)
  apply (rule lists-mono)
  apply (rule Int-lower2)
  apply simp
  apply (drule lists-accD)
  apply (erule acc-induct)
  apply (rule accI)
  apply (blast dest: head-Var-reduction)
  apply (erule acc-induct)
  apply (rule accI)
  apply blast
  apply (blast intro: double-induction-lemma)
done

```

9.3 Every terminating term is in IT

```

declare Var-apps-neq-Abs-apps [THEN not-sym, simp]

lemma [simp, THEN not-sym, simp]:  $\text{Var } n \circ\circ ss \neq \text{Abs } r \circ s \circ\circ ts$ 
  apply (simp add: foldl-Cons [symmetric] del: foldl-Cons)
done

lemma [simp]:
   $(\text{Abs } r \circ s \circ\circ ss = \text{Abs } r' \circ s' \circ\circ ss') \implies (r = r' \wedge s = s' \wedge ss = ss')$ 
  apply (simp add: foldl-Cons [symmetric] del: foldl-Cons)
done

inductive-cases [elim!]:
  Var  $n \circ\circ ss : IT$ 
  Abs  $t : IT$ 
  Abs  $r \circ s \circ\circ ts : IT$ 

theorem termi-implies-IT:  $r : \text{termi beta} \implies r : IT$ 
  apply (erule acc-induct)
  apply (rename-tac r)
  apply (erule thin-rl)
  apply (erule rev-mp)
  apply simp
  apply (rule-tac  $t = r$  in Apps-dB-induct)
  apply clarify

```

```

apply (rule IT.intros)
apply clarify
apply (drule bspec, assumption)
apply (erule mp)
apply clarify
apply (drule converseI)
apply (drule ex-step1I, assumption)
apply clarify
apply (rename-tac us)
apply (erule-tac  $x = \text{Var } n \circ\circ us$  in allE)
apply force
apply (rename-tac u ts)
apply (case-tac ts)
  apply simp
  apply blast
apply (rename-tac s ss)
apply simp
apply clarify
apply (rule IT.intros)
  apply (blast intro: apps-preserves-beta)
apply (erule mp)
apply clarify
apply (rename-tac t)
apply (erule-tac  $x = \text{Abs } u \circ t \circ\circ ss$  in allE)
apply force
done

end

```

10 Strong normalization for simply-typed lambda calculus

theory *StrongNorm* **imports** *Type InductTermi* **begin**

Formalization by Stefan Berghofer. Partly based on a paper proof by Felix Joachimski and Ralph Matthes [1].

10.1 Properties of *IT*

```

lemma lift-IT [intro!]:  $t \in IT \implies (\bigwedge i. \text{lift } t \ i \in IT)$ 
apply (induct set: IT)
  apply (simp (no-asm))
apply (rule conjI)
apply
  (rule impI,
   rule IT.Var,
   erule lists.induct,

```

```

    simp (no-asm),
    rule lists.Nil,
    simp (no-asm),
    erule IntE,
    rule lists.Cons,
    blast,
    assumption)+
  apply auto
done

```

lemma *lifts-IT*: $ts \in \text{lists } IT \implies \text{map } (\lambda t. \text{lift } t \ 0) \ ts \in \text{lists } IT$
by (induct ts) auto

lemma *subst-Var-IT*: $r \in IT \implies (\bigwedge i \ j. r[\text{Var } i/j] \in IT)$
apply (induct set: IT)

Case *Var*:

```

  apply (simp (no-asm) add: subst-Var)
  apply
    ((rule conjI impI)+,
     rule IT.Var,
     erule lists.induct,
     simp (no-asm),
     rule lists.Nil,
     simp (no-asm),
     erule IntE,
     erule CollectE,
     rule lists.Cons,
     fast,
     assumption)+

```

Case *Lambda*:

```

  apply atomize
  apply simp
  apply (rule IT.Lambda)
  apply fast

```

Case *Beta*:

```

  apply atomize
  apply (simp (no-asm-use) add: subst-subst [symmetric])
  apply (rule IT.Beta)
  apply auto
done

```

lemma *Var-IT*: $\text{Var } n \in IT$
apply (subgoal-tac Var n \circ° []) $\in IT$
apply simp
apply (rule IT.Var)
apply (rule lists.Nil)

done

```

lemma app-Var-IT:  $t \in IT \implies t \circ \text{Var } i \in IT$ 
  apply (induct set: IT)
  apply (subst app-last)
  apply (rule IT.Var)
  apply simp
  apply (rule lists.Cons)
  apply (rule Var-IT)
  apply (rule lists.Nil)
  apply (rule IT.Beta [where ?ss = [], unfolded foldl-Nil [THEN eq-reflection]])
  apply (erule subst-Var-IT)
  apply (rule Var-IT)
  apply (subst app-last)
  apply (rule IT.Beta)
  apply (subst app-last [symmetric])
  apply assumption
  apply assumption
done

```

10.2 Well-typed substitution preserves termination

```

lemma subst-type-IT:
   $\bigwedge t e T u i. t \in IT \implies e\langle i:U \rangle \vdash t : T \implies$ 
   $u \in IT \implies e \vdash u : U \implies t[u/i] \in IT$ 
  (is PROP ?P U is  $\bigwedge t e T u i. - \implies PROP ?Q t e T u i U$ )
proof (induct U)
  fix T t
  assume MI1:  $\bigwedge T1 T2. T = T1 \Rightarrow T2 \implies PROP ?P T1$ 
  assume MI2:  $\bigwedge T1 T2. T = T1 \Rightarrow T2 \implies PROP ?P T2$ 
  assume t ∈ IT
  thus  $\bigwedge e T' u i. PROP ?Q t e T' u i T$ 
proof induct
  fix e T' u i
  assume uIT:  $u \in IT$ 
  assume uT:  $e \vdash u : T$ 
  {
    case (Var n rs e- T'- u- i-)
    assume nT:  $e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash \text{Var } n \circ \circ rs : T'$ 
    let ?ty =  $\{t. \exists T'. e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash t : T'\}$ 
    let ?R =  $\lambda t. \forall e T' u i.$ 
       $e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash t : T' \longrightarrow u \in IT \longrightarrow e \vdash u : T \longrightarrow t[u/i] \in IT$ 
    show  $(\text{Var } n \circ \circ rs)[u/i] \in IT$ 
    proof (cases n = i)
      case True
      show ?thesis
      proof (cases rs)
        case Nil
        with uIT True show ?thesis by simp

```

next
case (*Cons a as*)
with nT **have** $e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash \text{Var } n \circ a \circ \circ as : T'$ **by** *simp*
then obtain Ts
 where $headT: e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash \text{Var } n \circ a : Ts \Rightarrow T'$
 and $argsT: e\langle i:T \rangle \Vdash as : Ts$
 by (*rule list-app-typeE*)
from $headT$ **obtain** T''
 where $varT: e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash \text{Var } n : T'' \Rightarrow Ts \Rightarrow T'$
 and $argT: e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash a : T''$
 by *cases simp-all*
from $varT$ **True** **have** $T: T = T'' \Rightarrow Ts \Rightarrow T'$
 by *cases auto*
with uT **have** $uT': e \vdash u : T'' \Rightarrow Ts \Rightarrow T'$ **by** *simp*
from T **have** ($\text{Var } 0 \circ \circ \text{map } (\lambda t. \text{lift } t \ 0)$)
 $(\text{map } (\lambda t. t[u/i]) \ as))[(u \circ a[u/i])/0] \in IT$
proof (*rule MI2*)
 from T **have** $(\text{lift } u \ 0 \circ \text{Var } 0)[a[u/i]/0] \in IT$
 proof (*rule MI1*)
 have $\text{lift } u \ 0 \in IT$ **by** (*rule lift-IT*)
 thus $\text{lift } u \ 0 \circ \text{Var } 0 \in IT$ **by** (*rule app-Var-IT*)
 show $e\langle 0:T'' \rangle \vdash \text{lift } u \ 0 \circ \text{Var } 0 : Ts \Rightarrow T'$
 proof (*rule typing.App*)
 show $e\langle 0:T'' \rangle \vdash \text{lift } u \ 0 : T'' \Rightarrow Ts \Rightarrow T'$
 by (*rule lift-type*) (*rule uT'*)
 show $e\langle 0:T'' \rangle \vdash \text{Var } 0 : T''$
 by (*rule typing.Var*) *simp*
 qed
 from Var **have** $?R \ a$ **by** *cases (simp-all add: Cons)*
 with $argT \ uIT \ uT$ **show** $a[u/i] \in IT$ **by** *simp*
 from $argT \ uT$ **show** $e \vdash a[u/i] : T''$
 by (*rule subst-lemma*) *simp*
qed
thus $u \circ a[u/i] \in IT$ **by** *simp*
from Var **have** $as \in \text{lists } \{t. ?R \ t\}$
 by *cases (simp-all add: Cons)*
moreover from $argsT$ **have** $as \in \text{lists } ?ty$
 by (*rule lists-typings*)
ultimately have $as \in \text{lists } (\{t. ?R \ t\} \cap ?ty)$
 by (*rule lists-IntI*)
hence $\text{map } (\lambda t. \text{lift } t \ 0) (\text{map } (\lambda t. t[u/i]) \ as) \in \text{lists } IT$
 (is $(?ls \ as) \in -$ **)**
proof *induct*
 case *Nil*
 show $?case$ **by** *fastsimp*
next
 case (*Cons b bs*)
 hence $I: ?R \ b$ **by** *simp*
 from $Cons$ **obtain** U **where** $e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash b : U$ **by** *fast*

with $uT \ uIT \ I$ have $b[u/i] \in IT$ by *simp*
 hence $\text{lift } (b[u/i]) \ 0 \in IT$ by (rule *lift-IT*)
 hence $\text{lift } (b[u/i]) \ 0 \# \ ?ls \ bs \in \text{lists } IT$
 by (rule *lists.Cons*) (rule *Cons*)
 thus $?case$ by *simp*
 qed
 thus $\text{Var } 0 \circ\circ \ ?ls \ as \in IT$ by (rule *IT.Var*)
 have $e\langle 0:Ts \Rightarrow T' \rangle \vdash \text{Var } 0 : Ts \Rightarrow T'$
 by (rule *typing.Var*) *simp*
 moreover from $uT \ \text{args}T$ have $e \Vdash \text{map } (\lambda t. t[u/i]) \ as : Ts$
 by (rule *subst-lemma*)
 hence $e\langle 0:Ts \Rightarrow T' \rangle \Vdash \ ?ls \ as : Ts$
 by (rule *lift-types*)
 ultimately show $e\langle 0:Ts \Rightarrow T' \rangle \vdash \text{Var } 0 \circ\circ \ ?ls \ as : T'$
 by (rule *list-app-typeI*)
 from $\text{arg}T \ uT$ have $e \vdash a[u/i] : T''$
 by (rule *subst-lemma*) (rule *refl*)
 with uT' show $e \vdash u \circ a[u/i] : Ts \Rightarrow T'$
 by (rule *typing.App*)
 qed
 with *Cons True* show $?thesis$
 by (*simp add: map-compose [symmetric] o-def*)
 qed
 next
 case *False*
 from Var have $rs \in \text{lists } \{t. \ ?R \ t\}$ by *simp*
 moreover from nT obtain Ts where $e\langle i:T \rangle \Vdash rs : Ts$
 by (rule *list-app-typeE*)
 hence $rs \in \text{lists } ?ty$ by (rule *lists-typings*)
 ultimately have $rs \in \text{lists } (\{t. \ ?R \ t\} \cap ?ty)$
 by (rule *lists-IntI*)
 hence $\text{map } (\lambda x. x[u/i]) \ rs \in \text{lists } IT$
 proof induct
 case *Nil*
 show $?case$ by *fastsimp*
 next
 case (*Cons a as*)
 hence $I: \ ?R \ a$ by *simp*
 from *Cons* obtain U where $e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash a : U$ by *fast*
 with $uT \ uIT \ I$ have $a[u/i] \in IT$ by *simp*
 hence $(a[u/i] \# \text{map } (\lambda t. t[u/i]) \ as) \in \text{lists } IT$
 by (rule *lists.Cons*) (rule *Cons*)
 thus $?case$ by *simp*
 qed
 with *False* show $?thesis$ by (*auto simp add: subst-Var*)
 qed
 next
 case (*Lambda r e- T'- u- i-*)
 assume $e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash \text{Abs } r : T'$

```

    and  $\bigwedge e T' u i. PROP ?Q r e T' u i T$ 
  with  $uIT uT$  show  $Abs r[u/i] \in IT$ 
    by fastsimp
next
  case (Beta  $r a as e T' u i$ )
  assume  $T: e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash Abs r \circ a \circ\circ as : T'$ 
  assume  $SI1: \bigwedge e T' u i. PROP ?Q (r[a/0] \circ\circ as) e T' u i T$ 
  assume  $SI2: \bigwedge e T' u i. PROP ?Q a e T' u i T$ 
  have  $Abs (r[lift\ u\ 0/Suc\ i]) \circ a[u/i] \circ\circ map (\lambda t. t[u/i]) as \in IT$ 
  proof (rule IT.Beta)
    have  $Abs r \circ a \circ\circ as \rightarrow_\beta r[a/0] \circ\circ as$ 
    by (rule apps-preserves-beta) (rule beta.beta)
    with  $T$  have  $e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash r[a/0] \circ\circ as : T'$ 
    by (rule subject-reduction)
    hence  $(r[a/0] \circ\circ as)[u/i] \in IT$ 
    by (rule SI1)
  thus  $r[lift\ u\ 0/Suc\ i][a[u/i]/0] \circ\circ map (\lambda t. t[u/i]) as \in IT$ 
  by (simp del: subst-map add: subst-subst subst-map [symmetric])
  from  $T$  obtain  $U$  where  $e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash Abs r \circ a : U$ 
  by (rule list-app-typeE) fast
  then obtain  $T''$  where  $e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash a : T''$  by cases simp-all
  thus  $a[u/i] \in IT$  by (rule SI2)
qed
  }
qed
qed

```

10.3 Well-typed terms are strongly normalizing

lemma *type-implies-IT*: $e \vdash t : T \implies t \in IT$

proof –

assume $e \vdash t : T$

thus *?thesis*

proof *induct*

case *Var*

show *?case* by (rule *Var-IT*)

next

case *Abs*

show *?case* by (rule *IT.Lambda*)

next

case (*App* $T U e s t$)

have $(Var\ 0 \circ lift\ t\ 0)[s/0] \in IT$

proof (rule *subst-type-IT*)

have $lift\ t\ 0 \in IT$ by (rule *lift-IT*)

hence $[lift\ t\ 0] \in lists\ IT$ by (rule *lists.Cons*) (rule *lists.Nil*)

hence $Var\ 0 \circ\circ [lift\ t\ 0] \in IT$ by (rule *IT.Var*)

also have $Var\ 0 \circ\circ [lift\ t\ 0] = Var\ 0 \circ lift\ t\ 0$ by *simp*

finally show $\dots \in IT$.

```

    have  $e\langle 0:T \Rightarrow U \rangle \vdash \text{Var } 0 : T \Rightarrow U$ 
    by (rule typing.Var) simp
    moreover have  $e\langle 0:T \Rightarrow U \rangle \vdash \text{lift } t \ 0 : T$ 
    by (rule lift-type)
    ultimately show  $e\langle 0:T \Rightarrow U \rangle \vdash \text{Var } 0 \circ \text{lift } t \ 0 : U$ 
    by (rule typing.App)
  qed
  thus ?case by simp
qed
qed

theorem type-implies-termi:  $e \vdash t : T \Longrightarrow t \in \text{termi } \text{beta}$ 
proof -
  assume  $e \vdash t : T$ 
  hence  $t \in IT$  by (rule type-implies-IT)
  thus ?thesis by (rule IT-implies-termi)
qed

end

```

11 Weak normalization for simply-typed lambda calculus

theory *WeakNorm* imports *Type* begin

Formalization by Stefan Berghofer. Partly based on a paper proof by Felix Joachimski and Ralph Matthes [1].

11.1 Terms in normal form

```

constdefs
  listall :: ('a  $\Rightarrow$  bool)  $\Rightarrow$  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  listall P xs  $\equiv (\forall i. i < \text{length } xs \longrightarrow P (xs ! i))$ 

declare listall-def [extraction-expand]

theorem listall-nil: listall P []
  by (simp add: listall-def)

theorem listall-nil-eq [simp]: listall P [] = True
  by (iprover intro: listall-nil)

theorem listall-cons:  $P \ x \Longrightarrow \text{listall } P \ xs \Longrightarrow \text{listall } P \ (x \# xs)$ 
  apply (simp add: listall-def)
  apply (rule allI impI)+
  apply (case-tac i)
  apply simp+

```



```

done

theorem listall-cons-eq [simp]: listall P (x # xs) = (P x ∧ listall P xs)
  apply (rule iffI)
  prefer 2
  apply (erule conjE)
  apply (erule listall-cons)
  apply assumption
  apply (unfold listall-def)
  apply (rule conjI)
  apply (erule-tac x=0 in allE)
  apply simp
  apply simp
  apply (rule allI)
  apply (erule-tac x=Suc i in allE)
  apply simp
  done

lemma listall-conj1: listall ( $\lambda x. P\ x \wedge Q\ x$ ) xs  $\implies$  listall P xs
  by (induct xs) simp+
```

lemma *listall-conj2*: *listall* ($\lambda x. P\ x \wedge Q\ x$) *xs* \implies *listall* *Q* *xs*
by (*induct* *xs*) *simp*+

lemma *listall-app*: *listall* *P* (*xs* @ *ys*) = (*listall* *P* *xs* ∧ *listall* *P* *ys*)
apply (*induct* *xs*)
apply (*rule* *iffI*, *simp*, *simp*)
apply (*rule* *iffI*, *simp*, *simp*)
done

lemma *listall-snoc* [simp]: *listall* *P* (*xs* @ [*x*]) = (*listall* *P* *xs* ∧ *P* *x*)
apply (*rule* *iffI*)
apply (*simp* *add*: *listall-app*)
done

lemma *listall-cong* [*cong*, *extraction-expand*]:
 $xs = ys \implies listall\ P\ xs = listall\ P\ ys$
— Currently needed for strange technical reasons
by (*unfold* *listall-def*) *simp*

consts *NF* :: *dB set*
inductive *NF*
intros
App: *listall* ($\lambda t. t \in NF$) *ts* $\implies Var\ x\ ^{\circ\circ}\ ts \in NF$
Abs: $t \in NF \implies Abs\ t \in NF$
monos *listall-def*

lemma *nat-eq-dec*: $\bigwedge n::nat. m = n \vee m \neq n$
apply (*induct* *m*)

```

apply (case-tac n)
apply (case-tac [3] n)
apply (simp only: nat.simps, iprover?)+
done

```

```

lemma nat-le-dec:  $\bigwedge n::nat. m < n \vee \neg (m < n)$ 
apply (induct m)
apply (case-tac n)
apply (case-tac [3] n)
apply (simp del: simp-thms, iprover?)+
done

```

```

lemma App-NF-D: assumes NF: Var n  $\circ\circ$  ts  $\in$  NF
shows listall ( $\lambda t. t \in$  NF) ts using NF
by cases simp-all

```

11.2 Properties of NF

```

lemma Var-NF: Var n  $\in$  NF
apply (subgoal-tac Var n  $\circ\circ$  []  $\in$  NF)
apply simp
apply (rule NF.App)
apply simp
done

```

```

lemma subst-terms-NF: listall ( $\lambda t. t \in$  NF) ts  $\implies$ 
  listall ( $\lambda t. \forall i j. t[Var\ i/j] \in$  NF) ts  $\implies$ 
  listall ( $\lambda t. t \in$  NF) (map ( $\lambda t. t[Var\ i/j]$ ) ts)
by (induct ts) simp+

```

```

lemma subst-Var-NF:  $t \in$  NF  $\implies (\bigwedge i j. t[Var\ i/j] \in$  NF)
apply (induct set: NF)
apply simp
apply (frule listall-conj1)
apply (drule listall-conj2)
apply (drule-tac i=i and j=j in subst-terms-NF)
apply assumption
apply (rule-tac m=x and n=j in nat-eq-dec [THEN disjE, standard])
apply simp
apply (erule NF.App)
apply (rule-tac m=j and n=x in nat-le-dec [THEN disjE, standard])
apply simp
apply (iprover intro: NF.App)
apply simp
apply (iprover intro: NF.App)
apply simp
apply (iprover intro: NF.Abs)
done

```

```

lemma app-Var-NF:  $t \in NF \implies \exists t'. t \circ Var\ i \rightarrow_{\beta^*} t' \wedge t' \in NF$ 
  apply (induct set: NF)
  apply (simplesubst app-last) — Using subst makes extraction fail
  apply (rule exI)
  apply (rule conjI)
  apply (rule rtrancl-refl)
  apply (rule NF.App)
  apply (drule listall-conj1)
  apply (simp add: listall-app)
  apply (rule Var-NF)
  apply (rule exI)
  apply (rule conjI)
  apply (rule rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
  apply (rule rtrancl-refl)
  apply (rule beta)
  apply (erule subst-Var-NF)
done

```

```

lemma lift-terms-NF:  $listall\ (\lambda t. t \in NF)\ ts \implies$ 
   $listall\ (\lambda t. \forall i. lift\ t\ i \in NF)\ ts \implies$ 
   $listall\ (\lambda t. t \in NF)\ (map\ (\lambda t. lift\ t\ i)\ ts)$ 
by (induct ts) simp+

```

```

lemma lift-NF:  $t \in NF \implies (\bigwedge i. lift\ t\ i \in NF)$ 
  apply (induct set: NF)
  apply (frule listall-conj1)
  apply (drule listall-conj2)
  apply (drule-tac i=i in lift-terms-NF)
  apply assumption
  apply (rule-tac m=x and n=i in nat-le-dec [THEN disjE, standard])
  apply simp
  apply (rule NF.App)
  apply assumption
  apply simp
  apply (rule NF.App)
  apply assumption
  apply simp
  apply (rule NF.Abs)
  apply simp
done

```

11.3 Main theorems

```

lemma subst-type-NF:
   $\bigwedge t\ e\ T\ u\ i. t \in NF \implies e\langle i:U \rangle \vdash t : T \implies u \in NF \implies e \vdash u : U \implies \exists t'. t[u/i] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} t' \wedge t' \in NF$ 
  (is PROP ?P U is  $\bigwedge t\ e\ T\ u\ i. - \implies PROP\ ?Q\ t\ e\ T\ u\ i\ U$ )
proof (induct U)
  fix  $T\ t$ 

```

let $?R = \lambda t. \forall e T' u i.$
 $e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash t : T' \longrightarrow u \in NF \longrightarrow e \vdash u : T \longrightarrow (\exists t'. t[u/i] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} t' \wedge t' \in NF)$
assume $MI1: \bigwedge T1 T2. T = T1 \Rightarrow T2 \Longrightarrow PROP ?P T1$
assume $MI2: \bigwedge T1 T2. T = T1 \Rightarrow T2 \Longrightarrow PROP ?P T2$
assume $t \in NF$
thus $\bigwedge e T' u i. PROP ?Q t e T' u i T$
proof *induct*
fix $e T' u i$ **assume** $uNF: u \in NF$ **and** $uT: e \vdash u : T$
{
case $(App\ ts\ x\ e\ T'\ u\ i)$
assume $appT: e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash Var\ x \circ\circ ts : T'$
from *nat-eq-dec* **show** $\exists t'. (Var\ x \circ\circ ts)[u/i] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} t' \wedge t' \in NF$
proof
assume $eq: x = i$
show *?thesis*
proof $(cases\ ts)$
case *Nil*
with eq **have** $(Var\ x \circ\circ [])[u/i] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} u$ **by** *simp*
with *Nil* **and** uNF **show** *?thesis* **by** *simp iprover*
next
case $(Cons\ a\ as)$
with $appT$ **have** $e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash Var\ x \circ\circ (a \# as) : T'$ **by** *simp*
then obtain Us
where $varT': e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash Var\ x : Us \Rightarrow T'$
and $argsT': e\langle i:T \rangle \Vdash a \# as : Us$
by $(rule\ var-app-typesE)$
from $argsT'$ **obtain** $T'' Ts$ **where** $Us: Us = T'' \# Ts$
by $(cases\ Us)\ (rule\ FalseE, simp+)$
from $varT'$ **and** Us **have** $varT: e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash Var\ x : T'' \Rightarrow Ts \Rightarrow T'$
by *simp*
from $varT\ eq$ **have** $T: T = T'' \Rightarrow Ts \Rightarrow T'$ **by** *cases auto*
with uT **have** $uT': e \vdash u : T'' \Rightarrow Ts \Rightarrow T'$ **by** *simp*
from $argsT'$ **and** Us **have** $argsT: e\langle i:T \rangle \Vdash as : Ts$ **by** *simp*
from $argsT'$ **and** Us **have** $argT: e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash a : T''$ **by** *simp*
from $argT\ uT\ refl$ **have** $aT: e \vdash a[u/i] : T''$ **by** $(rule\ subst-lemma)$
have $as: \bigwedge Us. e\langle i:T \rangle \Vdash as : Us \Longrightarrow listall\ ?R\ as \Longrightarrow$
 $\exists as'. Var\ 0 \circ\circ map\ (\lambda t. lift\ t\ 0)\ as \rightarrow_{\beta^*}$
 $Var\ 0 \circ\circ map\ (\lambda t. lift\ t\ 0)\ as' \wedge$
 $Var\ 0 \circ\circ map\ (\lambda t. lift\ t\ 0)\ as' \in NF$
 $(is\ \bigwedge Us. - \Longrightarrow - \Longrightarrow \exists as'. ?ex\ Us\ as\ as')$
proof $(induct\ as\ rule: rev-induct)$
case $(Nil\ Us)$
with $Var-NF$ **have** $?ex\ Us\ []\ []$ **by** *simp*
thus *?case ..*
next
case $(snoc\ b\ bs\ Us)$
have $e\langle i:T \rangle \Vdash bs\ @\ [b] : Us$.
then obtain $Vs\ W$ **where** $Us: Us = Vs\ @\ [W]$
and $bs: e\langle i:T \rangle \Vdash bs : Vs$ **and** $bT: e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash b : W$ **by** $(rule\ types-snocE)$

from *snoc* **have** *listall* ?*R* *bs* **by** *simp*
with *bs* **have** $\exists bs'. ?ex \ Vs \ bs \ bs'$ **by** (rule *snoc*)
then obtain *bs'* **where**
 $bsred: Var \ 0 \circ \circ \ map \ (\lambda t. \ lift \ (t[u/i]) \ 0) \ bs \rightarrow_{\beta^*}$
 $Var \ 0 \circ \circ \ map \ (\lambda t. \ lift \ t \ 0) \ bs'$
and *bsNF*: $Var \ 0 \circ \circ \ map \ (\lambda t. \ lift \ t \ 0) \ bs' \in NF$ **by** *iprover*
from *snoc* **have** ?*R* *b* **by** *simp*
with *bT* **and** *uNF* **and** *uT* **have** $\exists b'. b[u/i] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} b' \wedge b' \in NF$ **by**
iprover
then obtain *b'* **where** *bred*: $b[u/i] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} b'$ **and** *bNF*: $b' \in NF$ **by** *iprover*
from *bsNF* **have** *listall* $(\lambda t. t \in NF) \ (map \ (\lambda t. \ lift \ t \ 0) \ bs')$
by (rule *App-NF-D*)
moreover have $lift \ b' \ 0 \in NF$ **by** (rule *lift-NF*)
ultimately have *listall* $(\lambda t. t \in NF) \ (map \ (\lambda t. \ lift \ t \ 0) \ (bs' @ [b']))$
by *simp*
hence $Var \ 0 \circ \circ \ map \ (\lambda t. \ lift \ t \ 0) \ (bs' @ [b']) \in NF$ **by** (rule *NF.App*)
moreover from *bred* **have** $lift \ (b[u/i]) \ 0 \rightarrow_{\beta^*} lift \ b' \ 0$
by (rule *lift-preserves-beta'*)
with *bsred* **have**
 $(Var \ 0 \circ \circ \ map \ (\lambda t. \ lift \ (t[u/i]) \ 0) \ bs) \circ lift \ (b[u/i]) \ 0 \rightarrow_{\beta^*}$
 $(Var \ 0 \circ \circ \ map \ (\lambda t. \ lift \ t \ 0) \ bs') \circ lift \ b' \ 0$ **by** (rule *rtranc-beta-App*)
ultimately have ?*ex* *Us* $(bs @ [b]) \ (bs' @ [b'])$ **by** *simp*
thus ?*case* ..
qed
from *App* **and** *Cons* **have** *listall* ?*R* *as* **by** *simp* (*iprover* *dest*: *listall-conj2*)
with *argsT* **have** $\exists as'. ?ex \ Ts \ as \ as'$ **by** (rule *as*)
then obtain *as'* **where**
 $asred: Var \ 0 \circ \circ \ map \ (\lambda t. \ lift \ (t[u/i]) \ 0) \ as \rightarrow_{\beta^*}$
 $Var \ 0 \circ \circ \ map \ (\lambda t. \ lift \ t \ 0) \ as'$
and *asNF*: $Var \ 0 \circ \circ \ map \ (\lambda t. \ lift \ t \ 0) \ as' \in NF$ **by** *iprover*
from *App* **and** *Cons* **have** ?*R* *a* **by** *simp*
with *argT* **and** *uNF* **and** *uT* **have** $\exists a'. a[u/i] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} a' \wedge a' \in NF$
by *iprover*
then obtain *a'* **where** *ared*: $a[u/i] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} a'$ **and** *aNF*: $a' \in NF$ **by** *iprover*
from *uNF* **have** $lift \ u \ 0 \in NF$ **by** (rule *lift-NF*)
hence $\exists u'. lift \ u \ 0 \circ Var \ 0 \rightarrow_{\beta^*} u' \wedge u' \in NF$ **by** (rule *app-Var-NF*)
then obtain *u'* **where** *ured*: $lift \ u \ 0 \circ Var \ 0 \rightarrow_{\beta^*} u'$ **and** *u'NF*: $u' \in NF$
by *iprover*
from *T* **and** *u'NF* **have** $\exists ua. u'[a'/0] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} ua \wedge ua \in NF$
proof (rule *MI1*)
have $e\langle 0:T'' \rangle \vdash lift \ u \ 0 \circ Var \ 0 : Ts \Rightarrow T'$
proof (rule *typing.App*)
from *uT'* **show** $e\langle 0:T'' \rangle \vdash lift \ u \ 0 : T'' \Rightarrow Ts \Rightarrow T'$ **by** (rule *lift-type*)
show $e\langle 0:T'' \rangle \vdash Var \ 0 : T''$ **by** (rule *typing.Var*) *simp*
qed
with *ured* **show** $e\langle 0:T'' \rangle \vdash u' : Ts \Rightarrow T'$ **by** (rule *subject-reduction'*)
from *ared* *aT* **show** $e \vdash a' : T''$ **by** (rule *subject-reduction'*)
qed
then obtain *ua* **where** *uared*: $u'[a'/0] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} ua$ **and** *uaNF*: $ua \in NF$

by *iprover*
 from *ared* have $(\text{lift } u \ 0 \circ \text{Var } 0)[a[u/i]/0] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} (\text{lift } u \ 0 \circ \text{Var } 0)[a'/0]$
 by *(rule subst-preserves-beta2')*
 also from *ured* have $(\text{lift } u \ 0 \circ \text{Var } 0)[a'/0] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} u'[a'/0]$
 by *(rule subst-preserves-beta')*
 also note *uared*
 finally have $(\text{lift } u \ 0 \circ \text{Var } 0)[a[u/i]/0] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} ua$.
 hence *uared'*: $u \circ a[u/i] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} ua$ by *simp*
 from *T* have $\exists r. (\text{Var } 0 \circ \circ \text{map } (\lambda t. \text{lift } t \ 0) \text{ as}') [ua/0] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} r \wedge r \in NF$
 proof *(rule MI2)*
 have $e\langle 0:Ts \Rightarrow T' \rangle \vdash \text{Var } 0 \circ \circ \text{map } (\lambda t. \text{lift } (t[u/i]) \ 0) \text{ as} : T'$
 proof *(rule list-app-typeI)*
 show $e\langle 0:Ts \Rightarrow T' \rangle \vdash \text{Var } 0 : Ts \Rightarrow T'$ by *(rule typing.Var) simp*
 from *uT argsT* have $e \Vdash \text{map } (\lambda t. t[u/i]) \text{ as} : Ts$
 by *(rule substs-lemma)*
 hence $e\langle 0:Ts \Rightarrow T' \rangle \Vdash \text{map } (\lambda t. \text{lift } t \ 0) (\text{map } (\lambda t. t[u/i]) \text{ as}) : Ts$
 by *(rule lift-types)*
 thus $e\langle 0:Ts \Rightarrow T' \rangle \Vdash \text{map } (\lambda t. \text{lift } (t[u/i]) \ 0) \text{ as} : Ts$
 by *(simp-all add: map-compose [symmetric] o-def)*
 qed
 with *asred* show $e\langle 0:Ts \Rightarrow T' \rangle \vdash \text{Var } 0 \circ \circ \text{map } (\lambda t. \text{lift } t \ 0) \text{ as}' : T'$
 by *(rule subject-reduction')*
 from *argT uT refl* have $e \vdash a[u/i] : T''$ by *(rule subst-lemma)*
 with *uT'* have $e \vdash u \circ a[u/i] : Ts \Rightarrow T'$ by *(rule typing.App)*
 with *uared'* show $e \vdash ua : Ts \Rightarrow T'$ by *(rule subject-reduction')*
 qed
 then obtain *r* where *rred*: $(\text{Var } 0 \circ \circ \text{map } (\lambda t. \text{lift } t \ 0) \text{ as}') [ua/0] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} r$
 and *rnf*: $r \in NF$ by *iprover*
 from *asred* have
 $(\text{Var } 0 \circ \circ \text{map } (\lambda t. \text{lift } (t[u/i]) \ 0) \text{ as}) [u \circ a[u/i]/0] \rightarrow_{\beta^*}$
 $(\text{Var } 0 \circ \circ \text{map } (\lambda t. \text{lift } t \ 0) \text{ as}') [u \circ a[u/i]/0]$
 by *(rule subst-preserves-beta')*
 also from *uared'* have $(\text{Var } 0 \circ \circ \text{map } (\lambda t. \text{lift } t \ 0) \text{ as}') [u \circ a[u/i]/0] \rightarrow_{\beta^*}$
 $(\text{Var } 0 \circ \circ \text{map } (\lambda t. \text{lift } t \ 0) \text{ as}') [ua/0]$ by *(rule subst-preserves-beta2')*
 also note *rred*
 finally have $(\text{Var } 0 \circ \circ \text{map } (\lambda t. \text{lift } (t[u/i]) \ 0) \text{ as}) [u \circ a[u/i]/0] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} r$.
 with *rnf Cons eq* show *?thesis*
 by *(simp add: map-compose [symmetric] o-def) iprover*
 qed
 next
 assume *neq*: $x \neq i$
 show *?thesis*
 proof –
 from *appT* obtain *Us*
 where *varT*: $e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash \text{Var } x : Us \Rightarrow T'$
 and *argsT*: $e\langle i:T \rangle \Vdash ts : Us$
 by *(rule var-app-typesE)*
 have $ts: \bigwedge Us. e\langle i:T \rangle \Vdash ts : Us \implies \text{listall } ?R \ ts \implies$
 $\exists ts'. \forall x'. \text{Var } x' \circ \circ \text{map } (\lambda t. t[u/i]) \ ts \rightarrow_{\beta^*} \text{Var } x' \circ \circ ts' \wedge$

$Var\ x' \circ \circ\ ts' \in NF$
 (is $\bigwedge Us. - \implies - \implies \exists ts'. ?ex\ Us\ ts\ ts'$)
proof (*induct ts rule: rev-induct*)
 case (*Nil Us*)
 with *Var-NF* have $?ex\ Us\ []\ []$ **by** *simp*
 thus $?case\ ..$
next
 case (*snoc b bs Us*)
 have $e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash bs\ @\ [b] : Us$.
 then obtain $Vs\ W$ where $Us: Us = Vs\ @\ [W]$
 and $bs: e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash bs : Vs$ and $bT: e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash b : W$ **by** (*rule types-snocE*)
 from *snoc* have *listall* $?R\ bs$ **by** *simp*
 with bs have $\exists bs'. ?ex\ Vs\ bs\ bs'$ **by** (*rule snoc*)
 then obtain bs' where
 $bsred: \bigwedge x'. Var\ x' \circ \circ\ map\ (\lambda t. t[u/i])\ bs \rightarrow_{\beta^*} Var\ x' \circ \circ\ bs'$
 and $bsNF: \bigwedge x'. Var\ x' \circ \circ\ bs' \in NF$ **by** *iprover*
 from *snoc* have $?R\ b$ **by** *simp*
 with bT and uNF and uT have $\exists b'. b[u/i] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} b' \wedge b' \in NF$ **by**
iprover
 then obtain b' where $bred: b[u/i] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} b'$ and $bNF: b' \in NF$ **by** *iprover*
 from $bsred\ bred$ have $\bigwedge x'. (Var\ x' \circ \circ\ map\ (\lambda t. t[u/i])\ bs) \circ b[u/i] \rightarrow_{\beta^*}$
 $(Var\ x' \circ \circ\ bs') \circ b'$ **by** (*rule rtrancl-beta-App*)
 moreover from $bsNF\ [of\ 0]$ have *listall* $(\lambda t. t \in NF)\ bs'$
by (*rule App-NF-D*)
 with bNF have *listall* $(\lambda t. t \in NF)\ (bs' @ [b'])$ **by** *simp*
 hence $\bigwedge x'. Var\ x' \circ \circ\ (bs' @ [b']) \in NF$ **by** (*rule NF.App*)
 ultimately have $?ex\ Us\ (bs @ [b])\ (bs' @ [b'])$ **by** *simp*
 thus $?case\ ..$
qed
 from *App* have *listall* $?R\ ts$ **by** (*iprover dest: listall-conj2*)
 with $argsT$ have $\exists ts'. ?ex\ Ts\ ts\ ts'$ **by** (*rule ts*)
 then obtain ts' where $NF: ?ex\ Ts\ ts\ ts' ..$
 from *nat-le-dec* show $?thesis$
proof
 assume $i < x$
 with NF show $?thesis$ **by** *simp iprover*
next
 assume $\neg (i < x)$
 with $NF\ neq$ show $?thesis$ **by** (*simp add: subst-Var*) *iprover*
qed
qed
qed
next
 case (*Abs r e- T'- u- i-*)
 assume $absT: e\langle i:T \rangle \vdash Abs\ r : T'$
 then obtain $R\ S$ where $e\langle 0:R \rangle \langle Suc\ i:T \rangle \vdash r : S$ **by** (*rule abs-typeE*) *simp*
 moreover have $lift\ u\ 0 \in NF$ **by** (*rule lift-NF*)
 moreover have $e\langle 0:R \rangle \vdash lift\ u\ 0 : T$ **by** (*rule lift-type*)
 ultimately have $\exists t'. r[lift\ u\ 0 / Suc\ i] \rightarrow_{\beta^*} t' \wedge t' \in NF$ **by** (*rule Abs*)

```

    thus  $\exists t'. \text{Abs } r[u/i] \rightarrow_{\beta}^* t' \wedge t' \in NF$ 
    by simp (iprover intro: rtrancl-beta-Abs NF.Abs)
  }
qed
qed

```

consts — A computationally relevant copy of $e \vdash t : T$
 $rtyping :: ((nat \Rightarrow type) \times dB \times type) \text{ set}$

syntax
 $-rtyping :: (nat \Rightarrow type) \Rightarrow dB \Rightarrow type \Rightarrow bool \quad (-|-_R - : - [50, 50, 50] 50)$
syntax ($xsymbols$)
 $-rtyping :: (nat \Rightarrow type) \Rightarrow dB \Rightarrow type \Rightarrow bool \quad (-\vdash_R - : - [50, 50, 50] 50)$
translations
 $e \vdash_R t : T \equiv (e, t, T) \in rtyping$

inductive $rtyping$

intros

$Var: e \ x = T \Longrightarrow e \vdash_R \text{Var } x : T$
 $Abs: e \langle 0:T \rangle \vdash_R t : U \Longrightarrow e \vdash_R \text{Abs } t : (T \Rightarrow U)$
 $App: e \vdash_R s : T \Rightarrow U \Longrightarrow e \vdash_R t : T \Longrightarrow e \vdash_R (s \circ t) : U$

lemma $rtyping\text{-}imp\text{-}typing$: $e \vdash_R t : T \Longrightarrow e \vdash t : T$

apply ($induct \text{ set: } rtyping$)
apply ($erule \text{ typing.Var}$)
apply ($erule \text{ typing.Abs}$)
apply ($erule \text{ typing.App}$)
apply $assumption$
done

theorem $type\text{-}NF$: **assumes** $T: e \vdash_R t : T$

shows $\exists t'. t \rightarrow_{\beta}^* t' \wedge t' \in NF$ **using** T

proof $induct$

case Var

show $?case$ **by** ($iprover \text{ intro: Var-NF}$)

next

case Abs

thus $?case$ **by** ($iprover \text{ intro: rtrancl-beta-Abs NF.Abs}$)

next

case ($App \ T \ U \ e \ s \ t$)

from App **obtain** $s' \ t'$ **where**

$sred: s \rightarrow_{\beta}^* s'$ **and** $sNF: s' \in NF$

and $tred: t \rightarrow_{\beta}^* t'$ **and** $tNF: t' \in NF$ **by** $iprover$

have $\exists u. (Var \ 0 \circ lift \ t' \ 0)[s'/0] \rightarrow_{\beta}^* u \wedge u \in NF$

proof ($rule \text{ subst-type-NF}$)

have $lift \ t' \ 0 \in NF$ **by** ($rule \text{ lift-NF}$)

hence $listall \ (\lambda t. t \in NF) \ [lift \ t' \ 0]$ **by** ($rule \text{ listall-cons}$) ($rule \text{ listall-nil}$)


```

hence  $\text{Var } 0 \circ \circ [\text{lift } t' \ 0] \in NF$  by (rule NF.App)
thus  $\text{Var } 0 \circ \text{lift } t' \ 0 \in NF$  by simp
show  $e\langle 0:T \Rightarrow U \rangle \vdash \text{Var } 0 \circ \text{lift } t' \ 0 : U$ 
proof (rule typing.App)
  show  $e\langle 0:T \Rightarrow U \rangle \vdash \text{Var } 0 : T \Rightarrow U$ 
    by (rule typing.Var) simp
  from tred have  $e \vdash t' : T$ 
    by (rule subject-reduction') (rule rtyping-imp-typing)
  thus  $e\langle 0:T \Rightarrow U \rangle \vdash \text{lift } t' \ 0 : T$ 
    by (rule lift-type)
qed
from sred show  $e \vdash s' : T \Rightarrow U$ 
  by (rule subject-reduction') (rule rtyping-imp-typing)
qed
then obtain  $u$  where  $\text{ured}: s' \circ t' \rightarrow_{\beta^*} u$  and  $\text{unf}: u \in NF$  by simp iprover
from sred tred have  $s \circ t \rightarrow_{\beta^*} s' \circ t'$  by (rule rtrancl-beta-App)
hence  $s \circ t \rightarrow_{\beta^*} u$  using ured by (rule rtrancl-trans)
with unf show ?case by iprover
qed

```

11.4 Extracting the program

```

declare NF.induct [ind-realizer]
declare rtrancl.induct [ind-realizer irrelevant]
declare rtyping.induct [ind-realizer]
lemmas [extraction-expand] = trans-def conj-assoc listall-cons-eq

```

```

extract type-NF

```

```

lemma rtranclR-rtrancl-eq:  $((a, b) \in \text{rtranclR } r) = ((a, b) \in \text{rtrancl } (\text{Collect } r))$ 
  apply (rule iffI)
  apply (erule rtranclR.induct)
  apply (rule rtrancl-refl)
  apply (erule rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
  apply (erule CollectI)
  apply (erule rtrancl.induct)
  apply (rule rtranclR.rtrancl-refl)
  apply (erule rtranclR.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
  apply (erule CollectD)
done

```

```

lemma NFR-imp-NF:  $(nf, t) \in NFR \implies t \in NF$ 
  apply (erule NFR.induct)
  apply (rule NF.intros)
  apply (simp add: listall-def)
  apply (erule NF.intros)
done

```

The program corresponding to the proof of the central lemma, which performs substitution and normalization, is shown in Figure 1. The correctness

```

subst-type-NF ≡
λx xa xb xc xd xe H Ha.
  type-induct-P xc
    (λx H2 H2a xa xb xc xd xe H.
      NFT-rec arbitrary
        (λts xa xaa r xb xc xd xe H.
          case nat-eq-dec xa xe of
            Left ⇒ case ts of [] ⇒ (xd, H)
            | a # list ⇒
              var-app-typesE-P (xb⟨xe:x⟩) xa (a # list)
                (λUs. case Us of [] ⇒ arbitrary
                  | T'' # Ts ⇒
                    let (x, y) =
                      rev-induct-P list (λx H. ([], Var-NF 0))
                      (λx xa H2 xc Ha.
                        types-snocE-P xa x xc
                          (λVs W.
                            let (x, y) = H2 Vs (fst (fst (listall-snoc-P xa) Ha));
                            (xa, ya) = snd (fst (listall-snoc-P xa) Ha) xb W xd xe H
                            in (x @ [xa],
                                NFT.App (map (λt. lift t 0) (x @ [xa])) 0
                                  (λxa. snd (listall-snoc-P (map (λt. lift t 0) x)) (App-NF-D y, lift-NF 0 ya) xa))))
                                Ts (listall-conj2-P-Q list
                                  (λi. (xaa (Suc i), r (Suc i))));
                            (xa, ya) = snd (xaa 0, r 0) xb T'' xd xe H;
                            (xd, yb) = app-Var-NF 0 (lift-NF 0 H);
                            (xa, ya) = H2 T'' (Ts ⇒ xc) xd xb (Ts ⇒ xc) xa 0 yb ya;
                            (x, y) =
                              H2a T'' (Ts ⇒ xc)
                                (foldl dB.App (dB.Var 0) (map (λt. lift t 0) x)) xb xc xa
                                0 y ya
                            in (x, y))
                                | Right ⇒
                                  var-app-typesE-P (xb⟨xe:x⟩) xa ts
                                    (λUs. let (x, y) =
                                      rev-induct-P ts (λx H. ([], λx. Var-NF x))
                                      (λx xa H2 xc Ha.
                                        types-snocE-P xa x xc
                                          (λVs W. let (x, y) = H2 Vs (fst (fst (listall-snoc-P xa) Ha));
                                          (xa, ya) =
                                            snd (fst (listall-snoc-P xa) Ha) xb W xd xe H
                                            in (x @ [xa],
                                                λxb.
                                                  NFT.App (x @ [xa]) xb (snd (listall-snoc-P x) (App-NF-D (y 0), ya))))
                                                  Us (listall-conj2-P-Q ts (λz. (xaa z, r z)))
                                          in case nat-le-dec xe xa of
                                            Left ⇒ (foldl (λu ua. dB.App u ua) (dB.Var (xa - Suc 0)) x,
                                                y (xa - Suc 0))
                                            | Right ⇒ (foldl (λu ua. dB.App u ua) (dB.Var xa) x, y xa)))
                                      (λt x r xa xb xc xd H.
                                        abs-typeE-P xb
                                          (λU V. let (x, y) =
                                            let (x, y) = r (λu. (xa⟨0:U⟩) u) V (lift xc 0) (Suc xd) (lift-NF 0 H)
                                            in (dB.Abs x, NFT.Abs x y)
                                            in (x, y)))
                                          H (λu. xb u) xc xd xe)
                                      x xa xd xe xb H Ha

```

Figure 1: Program extracted from *subst-type-NF*

```

subst-Var-NF ≡
λx xa H.
  NFT-rec arbitrary
  (λts x xa r xb xc.
    case nat-eq-dec x xc of
      Left ⇒ NFT.App (map (λt. t[dB.Var xb/xc]) ts) xb
        (subst-terms-NF ts xb xc (listall-conj1-P-Q ts (λz. (xa z, r z)))
          (listall-conj2-P-Q ts (λz. (xa z, r z))))
      | Right ⇒
        case nat-le-dec xc x of
          Left ⇒ NFT.App (map (λt. t[dB.Var xb/xc]) ts) (x - Suc 0)
            (subst-terms-NF ts xb xc (listall-conj1-P-Q ts (λz. (xa z, r z)))
              (listall-conj2-P-Q ts (λz. (xa z, r z))))
          | Right ⇒
            NFT.App (map (λt. t[dB.Var xb/xc]) ts) x
              (subst-terms-NF ts xb xc (listall-conj1-P-Q ts (λz. (xa z, r z)))
                (listall-conj2-P-Q ts (λz. (xa z, r z))))
    (λt x r xa xb. NFT.Abs (t[dB.Var (Suc xa)/Suc xb]) (r (Suc xa) (Suc xb))) H x xa

app-Var-NF ≡
λx. NFT-rec arbitrary
  (λts xa xaa r.
    (foldl dB.App (dB.Var xa) (ts @ [dB.Var x]),
      NFT.App (ts @ [dB.Var x]) xa
        (snd (listall-app-P ts)
          (listall-conj1-P-Q ts (λz. (xaa z, r z)),
            listall-cons-P (Var-NF x) listall-nil-eq-P))))
  (λt xa r. (t[dB.Var x/0], subst-Var-NF x 0 xa))

lift-NF ≡
λx H. NFT-rec arbitrary
  (λts x xa r xb.
    case nat-le-dec x xb of
      Left ⇒ NFT.App (map (λt. lift t xb) ts) x
        (lift-terms-NF ts xb (listall-conj1-P-Q ts (λz. (xa z, r z)))
          (listall-conj2-P-Q ts (λz. (xa z, r z))))
      | Right ⇒
        NFT.App (map (λt. lift t xb) ts) (Suc x)
          (lift-terms-NF ts xb (listall-conj1-P-Q ts (λz. (xa z, r z)))
            (listall-conj2-P-Q ts (λz. (xa z, r z))))
    (λt x r xa. NFT.Abs (lift t (Suc xa)) (r (Suc xa))) H x

type-NF ≡
λH. rtypingT-rec (λe x T. (dB.Var x, Var-NF x))
  (λe T t U x r. let (x, y) = r in (dB.Abs x, NFT.Abs x y))
  (λe s T U t x xa r ra.
    let (x, y) = r; (xa, ya) = ra;
    (x, y) =
      let (x, y) =
        subst-type-NF (dB.App (dB.Var 0) (lift xa 0)) e 0 (T ⇒ U) U x
          (NFT.App [lift xa 0] 0 (listall-cons-P (lift-NF 0 ya) listall-nil-P)) y
      in (x, y)
    in (x, y))
  H

```

Figure 2: Program extracted from lemmas and main theorem

theorem corresponding to the program *subst-type-NF* is

$$\begin{aligned}
& \bigwedge x. (x, t) \in NFR \implies \\
& \quad e \langle i:U \rangle \vdash t : T \implies \\
& \quad (\bigwedge xa. (xa, u) \in NFR \implies \\
& \quad \quad e \vdash u : U \implies \\
& \quad \quad t[u/i] \rightarrow_{\beta}^* fst (subst\text{-}type\text{-}NF\ t\ e\ i\ U\ T\ u\ x\ xa) \wedge \\
& \quad \quad (snd (subst\text{-}type\text{-}NF\ t\ e\ i\ U\ T\ u\ x\ xa), fst (subst\text{-}type\text{-}NF\ t\ e\ i\ U\ T\ u\ x \\
& \quad \quad xa)) \in NFR)
\end{aligned}$$

where *NFR* is the realizability predicate corresponding to the datatype *NFT*, which is inductively defined by the rules

$$\begin{aligned}
& \forall i < \text{length } ts. (nfs \ i, ts \ ! \ i) \in NFR \implies \\
& (NFT.App \ ts \ x \ nfs, foldl \ dB.App \ (dB.Var \ x) \ ts) \in NFR \\
& (nf, t) \in NFR \implies (NFT.Abs \ t \ nf, dB.Abs \ t) \in NFR
\end{aligned}$$

The programs corresponding to the main theorem *type-NF*, as well as to some lemmas, are shown in Figure 2. The correctness statement for the main function *type-NF* is

$$\bigwedge x. (x, e, t, T) \in rtypingR \implies t \rightarrow_{\beta^*} fst \ (type\text{-}NF \ x) \wedge (snd \ (type\text{-}NF \ x), fst \ (type\text{-}NF \ x)) \in NFR$$

where the realizability predicate *rtypingR* corresponding to the computationally relevant version of the typing judgement is inductively defined by the rules

$$\begin{aligned}
& e \ x = T \implies (rtypingT.Var \ e \ x \ T, e, dB.Var \ x, T) \in rtypingR \\
& (ty, e \langle 0:T \rangle, t, U) \in rtypingR \implies (rtypingT.Abs \ e \ T \ t \ U \ ty, e, dB.Abs \ t, T \Rightarrow U) \in rtypingR \\
& (ty, e, s, T \Rightarrow U) \in rtypingR \implies \\
& (ty', e, t, T) \in rtypingR \implies (rtypingT.App \ e \ s \ T \ U \ t \ ty \ ty', e, dB.App \ s \ t, U) \in rtypingR
\end{aligned}$$

11.5 Generating executable code

consts-code

```

arbitrary :: 'a          ((error arbitrary))
arbitrary :: 'a => 'b ((fn '- => error arbitrary))

```

code-module Norm

contains

```

test = type-NF

```

The following functions convert between Isabelle’s built-in **term** datatype and the generated **dB** datatype. This allows to generate example terms using Isabelle’s parser and inspect normalized terms using Isabelle’s pretty printer.

ML \ll

```

fun nat-of-int 0 = Norm.id-0
  | nat-of-int n = Norm.Suc (nat-of-int (n-1));

```

```

fun int-of-nat Norm.id-0 = 0
  | int-of-nat (Norm.Suc n) = 1 + int-of-nat n;

```

```

fun dBtype-of-typ (Type (fun, [T, U])) =
  Norm.Fun (dBtype-of-typ T, dBtype-of-typ U)
  | dBtype-of-typ (TFree (s, -)) = (case explode s of
    [', a] => Norm.Atom (nat-of-int (ord a - 97))

```

```

| - => error dBtype-of-typ: variable name)
| dBtype-of-typ - = error dBtype-of-typ: bad type;

fun dB-of-term (Bound i) = Norm.dB-Var (nat-of-int i)
| dB-of-term (t $ u) = Norm.App (dB-of-term t, dB-of-term u)
| dB-of-term (Abs (-, -, t)) = Norm.Abs (dB-of-term t)
| dB-of-term - = error dB-of-term: bad term;

fun term-of-dB Ts (Type (fun, [T, U])) (Norm.Abs dBt) =
  Abs (x, T, term-of-dB (T :: Ts) U dBt)
| term-of-dB Ts - dBt = term-of-dB' Ts dBt
and term-of-dB' Ts (Norm.dB-Var n) = Bound (int-of-nat n)
| term-of-dB' Ts (Norm.App (dBt, dBu)) =
  let val t = term-of-dB' Ts dBt
  in case fastype-of1 (Ts, t) of
    Type (fun, [T, U]) => t $ term-of-dB Ts T dBu
  | - => error term-of-dB: function type expected
  end
| term-of-dB' - - = error term-of-dB: term not in normal form;

fun typing-of-term Ts e (Bound i) =
  Norm.Var (e, nat-of-int i, dBtype-of-typ (List.nth (Ts, i)))
| typing-of-term Ts e (t $ u) = (case fastype-of1 (Ts, t) of
  Type (fun, [T, U]) => Norm.rtypingT-App (e, dB-of-term t,
    dBtype-of-typ T, dBtype-of-typ U, dB-of-term u,
    typing-of-term Ts e t, typing-of-term Ts e u)
  | - => error typing-of-term: function type expected)
| typing-of-term Ts e (Abs (s, T, t)) =
  let val dBt = dBtype-of-typ T
  in Norm.rtypingT-Abs (e, dBt, dB-of-term t,
    dBtype-of-typ (fastype-of1 (T :: Ts, t)),
    typing-of-term (T :: Ts) (Norm.shift e Norm.id-0 dBt) t)
  end
| typing-of-term - - - = error typing-of-term: bad term;

fun dummyf - = error dummy;
>>

```

We now try out the extracted program *type-NF* on some example terms.

```

ML <<
val sg = sign-of (the-context());
fun rd s = read-cterm sg (s, TypeInfer.logicT);

val ct1 = rd %f. ((%f x. f (f (f x))) ((%f x. f (f (f (f x)))) f));
val (dB1, -) = Norm.type-NF (typing-of-term [] dummyf (term-of ct1));
val ct1' = cterm-of sg (term-of-dB [] (#T (rep-cterm ct1)) dB1);

val ct2 = rd
  %f x. (%x. f x x) ((%x. f x x) ((%x. f x x) ((%x. f x x) ((%x. f x x) ((%x. f x x) ((%x. f x x)

```

```

x)))));
val (dB2, -) = Norm.type-NF (typing-of-term [] dummyf (term-of ct2));
val ct2' = cterm-of sg (term-of-dB [] (#T (rep-cterm ct2)) dB2);
>>

end

```

References

- [1] F. Joachimski and R. Matthes. Short proofs of normalization for the simply-typed λ -calculus, permutative conversions and Gödel's T. *Archive for Mathematical Logic*, 42(1):59–87, 2003.
- [2] M. Takahashi. Parallel reductions in λ -calculus. *Information and Computation*, 118(1):120–127, April 1995.