

gpsmanshp 1.2

A Tcl Package to Read and Write Shapefiles

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This document describes the Tcl commands defined in the **gpsmanshp** package version 1.2, that provides the means for creating and reading files in the ESRI Shapefile format for keeping 2 or 3 dimensional points and polylines.

gpsmanshp was developed for use in GPSMan, a manager of GPS receiver data, available from: <http://www.ncc.up.pt/gpsman>. It is written in C and is based on **shapelib** made available by Frank Warmerdam (warmerda@home.com).

Along with this package, **gpstr2shp.c** was also developed. It translates GPSTrans data files into Shapefile ones.

1 Tcl Commands Implemented

The general philosophy is that of dealing with the Shapefile files (the data file .shp, the index file .shx, and the attribute file .dbf) as a single entity that is called below a set of files. There are Tcl commands for creating a new set and for opening (for reading) an existing one, as well for closing a set that was created or opened.

Each set has a type and dimension associated to it. The basic types are waypoint, route and track, that correspond to the Shapefile point and polylines or polygons shapes. When reading from a Shapefile polyline not of type ARCM the distinction between routes and tracks is made if its attribute field names are the same as those written by **gpsmanshp**. The type UNKNOWN is used if this distinction cannot be made and also when reading from a Shapefile ARCM or polygon. Shapefiles of type ARCM and POLYGONM are dealt with as being UNKNOWN with dimension 2.

Input/output of polylines and input of polygons is made by first getting/creating an internal description and then reading/writing each point at a time. There can be no more than one route and one track being created at the same time, and no more than one polyline or polygon being read from each set.

1.1 General Command

GSHPCloseFiles ID

- closes a set of files identified by the integer ID returned by the procedures that create new files (**GSHPCreateFiles**) or open existing files for reading (**GSHPOpenInputFiles**)

- returns 0 if ID is not a valid identifier; otherwise 1

1.2 Output Commands

GSHPCreateFiles BASEPATH TYPE DIM

- creates a new set of SHP files (.shp, .shx, .dbf) for writing
- TYPE is one of WP, RT or TR that are mapped into Shape types with the measure field set to 0 and fields in .dbf file as follows
 - WP (waypoint)
 - * **name**, string up to 50 characters
 - * **commt**, comment, string up to 128 characters
 - * **date**, string up to 25 characters
 - RT (route, a sequence of waypoints)
 - * **id**, identifier, string up to 50 characters
 - * **commt**, comment, string up to 128 characters
 - TR (track, a sequence of track points)
 - * **name**, string up to 50 characters
 - * **commt**, comment, string up to 128 characters
- DIM is either 2 or 3 for plane or spatial coordinates
- returns a positive integer that identifies uniquely this set (until the files are closed), or 0 on error opening the files, -1 if TYPE is invalid, -2 if DIM is invalid, -3 if could not create .dbf fields, -4 if out of memory

GSHPWriteWP ID X Y ?Z? NAME COMMENT DATE

- writes waypoint to ID file set; the Z coordinate should be given only if the dimension for the file set was declared to be 3
- returns 1 on success, -1 if ID is invalid, -2 if type of ID set is not waypoint or the dimension is wrong, -3 if out of memory, -4 if failed to write .dbf field

GSHPCreateRT DIM RTID COMMENT

- starts creating a representation of a route; only one such representation can be handled at a time
- DIM is either 2 or 3 for plane or spatial coordinates
- returns 1 on success, 0 if there is already a route representation, -1 if DIM is invalid

GSHPForgetRT

- destroys current route representation
- returns 1 on success, 0 if there is no route representation

GSHPAddWPTToRT X Y ?Z?

- adds waypoint to current route representation
- the Z coordinate can only be given if the route dimension is 3
- waypoints can be added after the current route has been written by `GSHPWriteRT`, but no files will be changed by this
- returns 1 on success, -1 if there is no route representation or the route dimension is not compatible with number of arguments, -2 if out of memory

GSHPWriteRT ID FORGET

- writes current route representation to ID file set; if the integer `FORGET` is different from 0 forget the route representation after writing it
- returns 1 on success, -1 if there is no route representation, -2 if there are no waypoints, -3 if ID is invalid, -4 if type of ID set is not route or the dimension is different, -5 if out of memory, -6 if failed to write .dbf field

GSHPCreateTR DIM NAME COMMENT ?SEGSTARTERS?

- starts creating a representation of a track; only one such representation can be handled at a time
- DIM is either 2 or 3 for plane or spatial coordinates
- SEGSTARTERS is the list of indices (from 0) of points that start new segments (or parts); the list cannot contain 0 and should be sorted in strictly increasing order
- returns 1 on success, 0 if there is already a track representation, -1 if DIM is invalid, -2 if out of memory, -3 if SEGSTARTERS is invalid

GSHPForgetTR

- destroys current track representation
- returns 1 on success, -1 if there is no track representation

GSHPAddTPTToTR X Y ?Z?

- adds track point to current track representation
- the Z coordinate can only be given if the track dimension is 3
- track points can be added after the current track has been written by `GSHPWriteTR`, but no files will be changed by this
- returns 1 on success, -1 if there is no track representation or it has a dimension incompatible with the number of arguments, -2 if out of memory

GSHPWriteTR ID FORGET

- writes current track representation to ID file set; if the integer `FORGET` is different from 0 forgets the track representation after writing it
- returns 1 on success, -1 if there is no track representation, -2 if there are no track points, -3 if ID is invalid, -4 if type of ID set is not track or the track has a different dimension, -5 if out of memory, -6 if failed to write .dbf field, -7 if index of last segment (part) starting point exceeds the track length

1.3 Input Commands

GSHPOpenInputFiles BASEPATH

- opens for input a set of SHP files (.shp, .shx, .dbf) | ↓*new*
- the type of objects in the file is determined by the type of SHP file and also by whether the fields in the .dbf file are the same as those written by the output commands above; if the fields are different in number or name, their names are returned by `GSHPInfoFrom` and their values by `GSHPGetObj` | *new*↑
- returns a positive integer that identifies uniquely this set (until the files are closed), or 0 on error opening the .shp or .shx files, -1 if files are empty, -2 if files type is invalid, -3 if out of memory

GSHPInfoFrom ID

- returns information on the contents of the ID input file set; the normal result is a list with
 - the type of objects in the file set: one of `WP`, `RT`, `TR`, or `UNKNOWN`; the latter is used:
 - * for a polyline of type `ARCM`
 - * for a polyline that can be taken either as a route or a track because there is no available information from the .dbf file
 - * when reading a polygon
 - the number of objects in the file (always positive); this is needed because objects will be indexed (by `GSHPGetObj`) from 0 to this number less 1
 - the dimension (2 or 3) of the objects
 - if the type is `RT`, `TR`, or `UNKNOWN`, the index of the next point to be read; the initial value is -1 when no object is being read or after all points of an object have already been read; the index is set to 0 by a call to `GSHPGetObj`, increased by `GSHPReadNextPoint` after a successful call, and set by this procedure to -1 when there are no more points | ↓*new*
 - the number of .dbf fields and a list with each field name followed by its precision (0 for integers or non-numeric fields), if the type is `WP` and the .dbf fields differ from those written by `gpsmanshp`, or the type is `UNKNOWN` | *new*↑
- possible error result: 0 no such input file set

GSHPGetObj ID INDEX

- reads an object from the ID input file set; INDEX is a number from 0 to the number of objects less one; the normal result is, depending on the type,
 - WP: a list with name, comment, date, x- and y-coordinates, and z-coordinate if dimension is 3; the first three can be empty strings if no information is available, in which case the list ends with a list of the .dbf field values; numeric values of less than -10^{35} should be considered as undefined | ↓new
| new↑
 - RT: a list with identifier, comment, number of waypoints; the first two can be empty strings if no information is available; the waypoints should be read by `GSHPReadNextPoint`
 - TR: a list with name, comment, number of track points, and, possibly, the list of indices (from 0, but never containing 0) of points starting parts (segments); the first two can be empty strings if no information is available; the track points should be read by `GSHPReadNextPoint`
 - UNKNOWN: either the number of points, or a list with the number of points, the list of indices (from 0, but never containing 0) of points starting parts (segments) and a list with the .dbf field values; the points should be read by `GSHPReadNextPoint` | ↓new
| new↑
- the result is an empty list if the object is null (these objects may appear in Shapefile files and should be skipped)
- possible error results (note that the number of points returned when the type is UNKNOWN may be 0): -1 no such input file set, -2 if INDEX is invalid, -3 if out of memory (only if type is TR or UNKNOWN)

GSHPReadNextPoint ID

- reads the next point from a route or track input file set with number ID; this can only be used after a call to `GSHPGetObj` returning a RT, TR or UNKNOWN type, and before a call of `GSHPReadNextPoint` for this set that gave a “no more points” result
- the normal result is a list with 2 or 3 coordinates depending on the dimension; numeric values of less than -10^{35} should be considered as undefined
- possible error results: 0 no such input file set, -1 if no route or track is currently being processed (no previous call to `GSHPReadNextPoint` with a suitable type result, or all points have already been read), -2 if there are no more points (after which a -1 result will be given)

2 Downloading and Installation

This package has been tested only under a Linux system. It is required that `shapelib` (version 1.2.10 was the one used) is installed, otherwise it cannot be compiled.

`gpsmanshp` and `gpstr2shp.c` are distributed under the GNU Public License with absolutely no warranties.

2.1 Downloading

`gpsmanshp` and `gpstr2shp.c` are available from <http://www.ncc.up.pt/gpsmanshp>

2.2 Installation

The enclosed `Makefile` defines `TCLVERSION` and assumes that

- `tclsh` is called as `tclsh$(TCLVERSION)`,
- the Tcl include directory is `/usr/include/tcl$(TCLVERSION)`,
- the Tcl library is `libtcl$(TCLVERSION)` and the `shapelib` library is `libshp`,
- `/usr/lib/tcl$(TCLVERSION)` is in the Tcl pre-defined list `$auto_path` (so that packages in this directory and its sub-directories are visible from Tcl) and that this package will be installed in it.

Using `make` will (in a Unix/Linux system) create the library `gpsmanshp.so`, while `make install` creates the corresponding Tcl index `pkgIndex.tcl` and copies these 2 files to the installation directory, and `make clean` removes the binary files and the index file.

Warning for users of Tcl8.4 There is a bug in Tcl8.4.4 that prevents the creation of the Tcl index `pkgIndex.tcl`. To avoid it a different `Makefile` and the `package.tcl` file from Tcl8.3 are available from <http://www.ncc.up.pt/gpsmanshp>.

3 Recent Changes

The following is a summary list of the more important changes made recently, no mention being made of bug corrections.

3.1 Version 1.2

Note for GPSMan users: this version should work with GPSMan versions 6.1 and 6.1.1 although they will not use the `.dbf` fields in Shapefiles not written by `gpsmanshp`.

- returning `.dbf` field names and values from files not written by `gpsmanshp` (WP, UNKNOWN).

3.2 Version 1.1

Note for GPSMan users: this version is not supported by GPSMan versions up to 6.0, nor 6.0.1 unless with the updates dated 26 January 2004 or later.

- reading POLYGON/Z/M and ARCM Shapes as UNKNOWN.
- reading/writing segment (part) starters list for TR and UNKNOWN.

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