Installation Manual for the PSI3 Program Package

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1 Compilation Prerequisites

The following external software packages are needed to complile PSI3:

- C, C++, and FORTRAN77 compilers. The FORTRAN77 compiler is only used to determine the symbol convention of BLAS and LAPACK libraries.
- A well-optimized basic linear algebra subroutine (BLAS) library for vital matrix-matrix and matrix-vector multiplication routines. We recommend the excellent ATLAS package developed at the University of Tennessee. math-atlas.sourceforge.net
- The linear algebra package (LAPACK), also available from netlib.org. PSI3 makes use of LAPACK's eigenvalue/eigenvector and matrix inversion routines. www.netlib.org/netlib
- POSIX threads (Pthreads) library
- Perl interpreter (version 5.005 or higher)
- Various GNU utilies: www.gnu.org
 - autoconf (version 2.52 or higher)
 - make
 - flex
 - bison
 - fileutils (esp. install)
- For documentation:
 - LaTeX
 - LaTeX2html (v0.99.1 or 1.62, including the patch supplied in psi3/misc)

2 Basic Configuration and Installation

A good directory for the PSI3 source code is /usr/local/src/psi3. The directory should not be named /usr/local/psi, as that is the default installation directory unless changed by the --prefix directive (see below). It should also not have any periods in the path, e.g., /usr/local/psi3.2, because of a bug in dvips which will cause the compilation of documentation to fail.

The following series of steps will configure and build the PSI3 package and install the executables in /usr/local/psi/bin:

- 1. cd \$PSI3 (your top-level PSI3 source directory)
- 2. autoconf

- 3. mkdir objdir
- 4. cd objdir
- 5. ../configure
- 6. make
- 7. make tests (optional, but recommended)
- 8. make install
- 9. make doc (optional)

There is also a perl script, INSTALL.pl, in the top-level \$PSI3 source directory which provides an interactive interface for installation.

You may need to make use of one or more of the following options to the configure script:

- --prefix=directory Use this option if you wish to install the PSI3 package somewhere other than the default directory, /usr/local/psi.
- --with-cc=compiler Use this option to specify a C compiler. One should use compilers that generate reentrant code, if possible. The default search order for compilers is: gcc, cc. (NB: On AIX systems, the search order is cc_r, gcc.)
- --with-cxx=compiler Use this option to specify a C++ compiler. One should use compilers that generate reentrant code, if possible. The default search order for compilers is: g++, c++, cxx. (NB: On AIX systems, the search order is xlC_r, c++, g++.)
- --with-fc=compiler Use this option to specify a Fortran-77 compiler. One should use compilers that generate reentrant code, if possible. The default search order for compilers is: g77, f77, fc, f2c. (NB: On AIX systems, the search order is xlf_r, g77, f77, fc, f2c.)
- --with-ld=linker Use this option to specify a linker program. The default is ld.
- --with-ranlib=ranlib Use this option to specify a ranlib program. The default behavior is to detect an appropriate choice automatically.
- --with-ar=archiver Use this option to specify an archiver. The default is to look for ar automatically.
- --with-ar-flags=options Use this option to specify archiver command-line flags. The default is r.
- --with-perl=perl Use this option to specify a Perl interpreter. The default is to look for perl automatically.

- --with-incdirs=directories Use this option to specify extra directories where to look for header files. Directories should be specified prepended by -I, i.e. -Idir1 -Idir2, etc. If several directories are specified, enclose the list with single right-quotes, e.g., --with-incdirs='-I/usr/local/include -I/home/psi3/include'.
- --with-libs=libraries Use this option to specify extra libraries which should be used during linking. Libraries should be specified by their full names or in the usual -1 notation, i.e. -lm /usr/lib/libm.a, etc. If several libraries are specified, enclose the list with single right-quotes, e.g., --with-libs='-lcompat /usr/local/lib/libm.a'.
- --with-libdirs=directories Use this option to specify extra directories where to look for libraries. Directories should be specified prepended by -L, i.e. -Ldir1 -Ldir2, etc. If several directories are specified, enclose the list with single right-quotes, e.g., --with-libdirs='-L/usr/local/lib -I/home/psi3/lib'.
- --with-blas=library Use this option to specify a BLAS library. If your BLAS library has multiple components, enclose the file list with single right-quotes, e.g., --with-blas='-lf77blas -latlas'.
- --with-lapack=library Use this option to specify a LAPACK library. If your LAPACK library has multiple components, enclose the file list with single right-quotes, e.g., --with-lapack='-llapack -lcblas -latlas'.
- --with-max-am-eri=integer Specifies the maximum angular momentum level for the primitive Gaussian basis functions when computing electron repulsion integrals. This is set to g-type functions (AM=4) by default.
- --with-max-am-deriv1=integer Specifies the maximum angular momentum level for first derivatives of the primitive Gaussian basis functions. This is set to f-type functions (AM=3) by default.
- --with-max-am-deriv2=integer Specifies the maximum angular momentum level for second derivatives of the primitive Gaussian basis functions. This is set to d-type functions (AM=2) by default.
- --with-max-am-r12=integer Specifies the maximum angular momentum level for primitive Gaussian basis functions used in r_{12} explicitly correlated methods. This is set to f-type functions (AM=3) by default.
- --with-debug=option This option turns on debugging options. If the argument is omitted, "-g" will be used by default.
- --with-opt=options This option may be used to select special optimization flags, overriding defaults.

3 Detailed Installation Instructions

This section provides detailed instructions for compiling and installing the PSI3 package.

3.1 Step 1: Configuration

First, we recommend that you choose for the top-level \$PSI3 source directory something other than /usr/local/psi; your \$HOME directory or /usr/local/src/psi3 are convenient choices. Next, in the top-level \$PSI3 source directory you've chosen, first run autoconf to generate the configure script from configure.in. It is best to keep the source code separate from the compilation area, so you must choose a subdirectory for compilation of the codes. A simple option is \$PSI3/objdir, which should work for most environments. However, if you need executables for several architectures, choose more meaningful subdirectory names.

• The compilation directory will be referred to as **\$objdir** for the remainder of these instructions.

In \$objdir, run the configure script found in the \$PSI3 top-level source directory. This script will scan your system to locate certain libraries, header files, etc. needed for complete compilation. The script accepts a number of options, all of which are listed above. The most important of these is the --prefix option, which selects the installation directory for the executables, the libraries, header files, basis set data, and other administrative files. The default --prefix is /usr/local/psi.

• The configure script's --prefix directory will be referred to as \$prefix for the remainder of these instructions.

3.2 Step 2: Compilation

Running make (which must be GNU's 'make' utility) in \$objdir will compile the PSI3 libraries and executable modules.

3.3 Step 3: Testing

To automatically execute the ever-growing number of test cases after compilation, simply execute "make tests" in the **\$objdir** directory. This will run each (relatively small) test case and report the results. Failure of any of the test cases should be reported to the developers at psi3@psicode.org. By default, any such failure will stop the testing process. If you desire to run the entire testing suit without interruption, execute "make tests TESTFLAGS='-u-q'". Note that you must do a "make testsclean" in **\$objdir** to run the test suite again.

Testing PSI3 from the source directory, which was possible in prerelease version of PSI3 (rc1 and rc2), is no longer recommended.

3.4 Step 4: Installation

Once testing is complete, installation into \$prefix is accomplished by running make install in \$objdir. Executable modules are installed in \$prefix/bin, libraries in \$prefix/lib and basis set data and other control structures \$prefix/share.

3.5 Step 5: Documentation

If your system has the appropriate utilities, you may build the package documentation from the top-level **\$objdir** by running **make doc**. The resulting files will appear in the **\$prefix/doc** area.

3.6 Step 6: Cleaning

All compilation-area object files and libraries can be removed to save disk space by running make clean in \$objdir.

3.7 Step 7: User Configuration

After the PSI3 package has been successfully installed, the user will need to add the installation directory into their path. If the package has been installed in the default location /usr/local/psi3, then in C shell, the user should add something like the following to their .cshrc file:

```
setenv PSI /usr/local/psi3
set path = ($path $PSI/bin)
setenv MANPATH $PSI/doc/man:$MANPATH
```

The final line will enable the use of the PSI3 man pages.

4 Miscellaneous architecture-specific notes

- Linux on x86 and x86_64:
 - gcc compiler: versions 3.2, 3.3, and 3.4 have been tested.
 - Intel compilers: version 9.0 has been tested. We do not recommend using version 8.1.
 - Portland Group compilers: version 6.0-5 has been tested.
- Linux on Intel Itanium:
 - Intel compilers version 9.0 have been tested and work. Version 8.1 does not work.
- AIX 4.3/5.x in 64-bit environment: if IBM VisualAge C++ and IBM XL Fortran are used, one has to manually specify the -q64 compiler flag that enables production of 64-bit executables. The following configure options have been tested on an AIX5.2 system with IBM VisualAge C++ 6.0 compiler and IBM XL Fortran 8.1

compiler: --with-cc='xlc_r -q64' --with-cxx='xlC_r -q64' --with-fc='xlf_r -q64' --with-blas=-lessl --with-lapack=<your NETLIB LAPACK library>. Note that the reentrant versions of the compilers are used.

• Compaq Alpha/OSF 5.1: default shell (/bin/sh) is not POSIX-compliant which causes some PSI3 makefiles to fail. Set environmental variable BIN_SH to xpg4.

• Mac OS 10.x:

- The compilation requires a developer's toolkit from apple.com.
- You need the libcompat library. It can be obtained from Apple's website at http://www.opensource.apple.com/. Then add -lcompat to the configure flag --with-libs.
- If you are using compilers from the developer's kit then for BLAS and LAPACK, use the configure options:

```
--with-blas='-altivec -framework vecLib'
```

If you compiled compilers yourself from GNU source code then Apple-specific extensions will not work and you will have to specify the location of vecLib manually:

```
--with-blas='/System/Library/Frameworks/vecLib.framework/vecLib'
```

- The Fortran compiler in GCC version 3.3 and higher requires the latest assembler, as. It can be obtained as a part of cctools from http://www.opensource.apple.com/. Mac OS X 10.3 (Panther) should come with cctools recent enough to compile PSI3.
- Certain PSI3 codes require significant stackspace for compilation. Increase your shell's stacksize limit before running 'make'. For csh, for example, this is done using 'unlimit stacksize'.

• SGI IRIX 6.x:

- MIPSpro C++ compilers prior to version 7.4 require a command-line flag '-LANG: std' in order to compile PSI3 properly.
- Use command-line flag '-64' in order to produce 64-bit PSI3 executables with MIPSpro compilers. The following is an example of appropriate configure options:

```
--with-cc='cc -64' --with-cxx='CC -64 -LANG:std' --with-fc='f77 -64'
```

 Under IRIX configure will attempt to detect automatically and use the optimized SGI Scientific Computing Software Library (SCSL).